



# WGNE-36 CENTRE UPDATE

Canadian Meteorological Centre

4 November 2021

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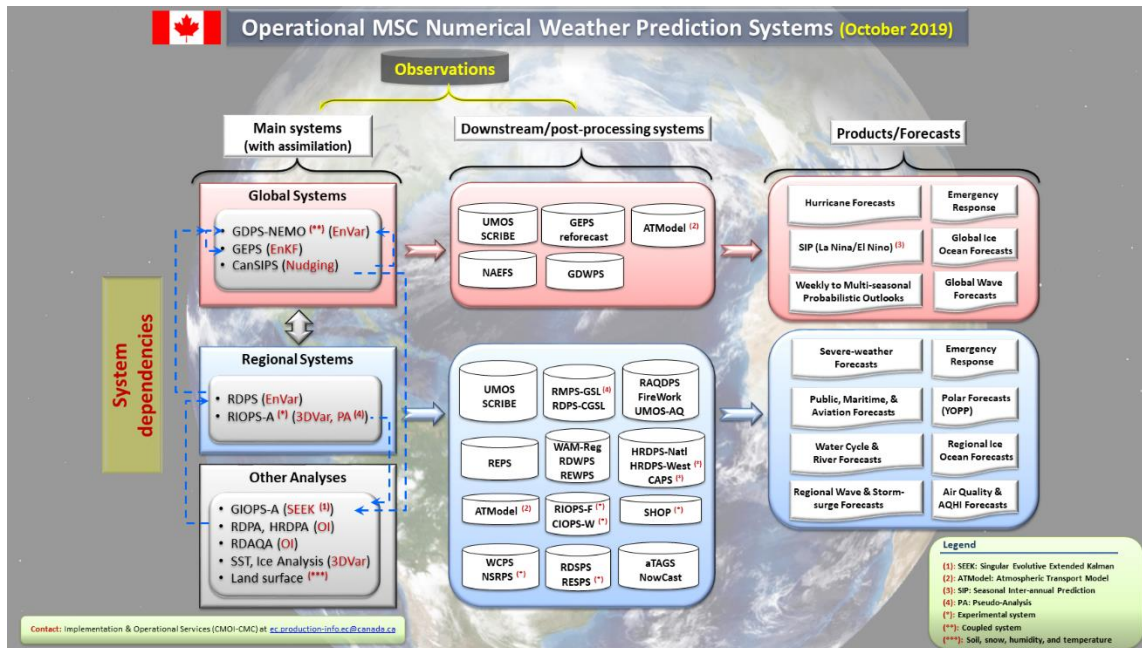
Environment and Climate Change Canada's 50<sup>th</sup> anniversary  
50<sup>e</sup> anniversaire d'Environnement et Changement climatique Canada

Meteorological Service of Canada's 150<sup>th</sup> anniversary  
150<sup>e</sup> anniversaire du Service météorologique du Canada

Canada 

# OPERATIONAL CHANGES

- A major development cycle was completed in late 2020, with upgrades planned for all systems
- The Innovation Cycle 3 (IC3) systems have been installed in parallel runs since mid-April 2021
- Planned operationalization date is 30 Nov 2021

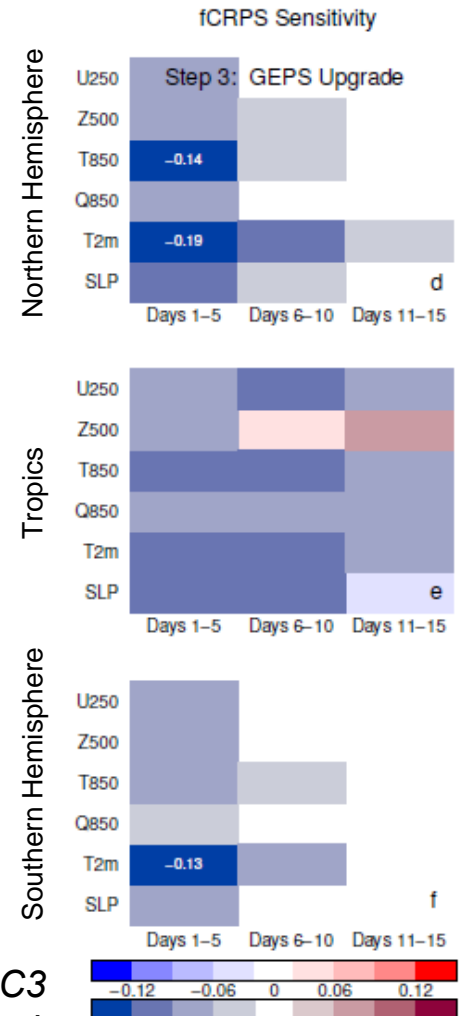


Supporting such a large suite of diverse systems is a risk for current and future development.

Operational systems run at the CMC (>40 total).

# ENSEMBLE SYSTEMS

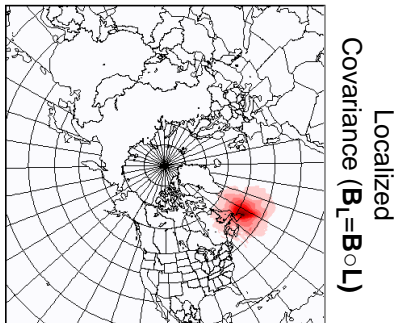
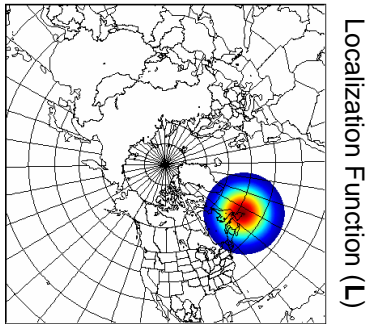
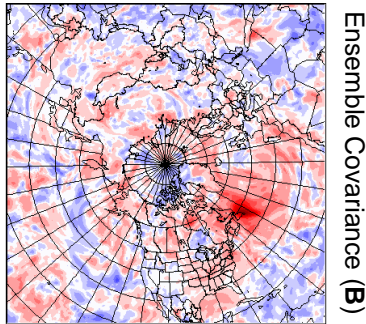
- Model uncertainty representation changed from SPPT+multiphysics to stochastically perturbed parameterizations (SPP)\*
- Reduced amplitude of random perturbations because of improved RMSE
- Global system:
  - Major model physics upgrade (McTaggart-Cowan et al. 2019) deprecated multiphysics required SPP transition
  - LETKF replaces EnKF (Buehner 2020)



*Fractional change in the “fair” CRPS associated with the IC3 upgrade of the global system in regions as indicated.*

\*SKEB continues to be used, although impact is minimal even with a coefficient increase.

# GLOBAL/REGIONAL SYSTEMS



- Major upgrade to global data assimilation:
  - All-sky assimilation for AMSU-A Ch4-5 (Shahabadi et al. 2021)
  - Slant-path radiative transfer calculations for satellite radiance observation operator (Shahabadi et al. 2020) – also to be used in regional system
  - Scale-dependent localization (Caron and Buehner 2018) and increased weight on ensemble covariances in 4D-EnVar
- Minor model updates:
  - Increased trigger for low-CAPE convective scheme in the subtropics (McTaggart-Cowan et al. 2020)
  - Minimum Obukhov length used over all surfaces
  - Sea ice roughness increased for consistency with coupled sea ice model
  - Interactive stratospheric ozone

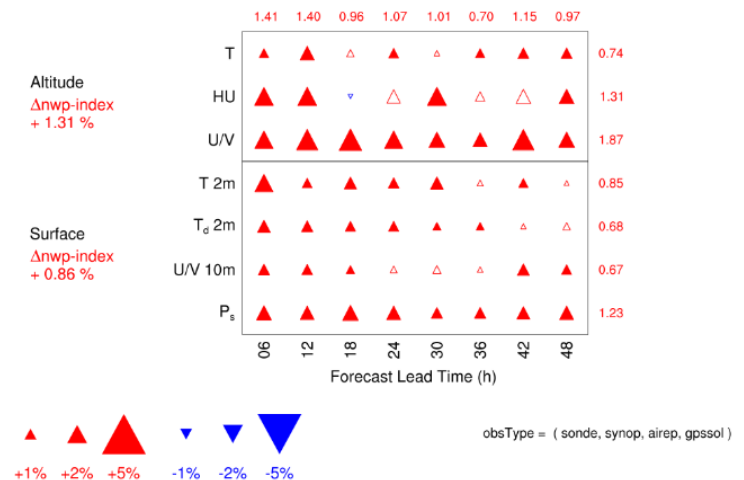
*Example of 2D localization using the current 2800 km radius. Three scales are now used: 3300 km (scales > 3000 km), 2400 km and 1000 km (scales < 800 km).*

# HIGH RESOLUTION SYSTEM

- An analysis cycle is introduced (6h window) based on 4DEnVar using global ensemble covariances (39 km increments)
- Assimilation of North American radar data using latent heat nudging (Jacques et al 2018)
- Transition to updated physics configuration was withdrawn after subjective evaluation showed a possible degradation in precipitation structure

ScoreCard against observations  
 (- % change in RMS error)  
 20160702-20160826 @ ALL-Z

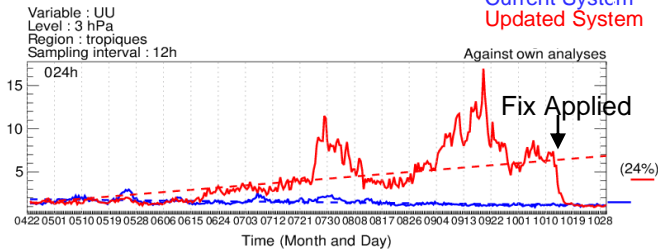
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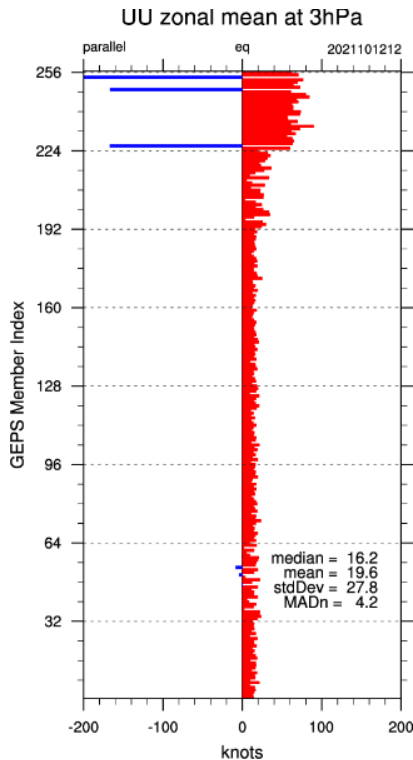
*Impact of latent heat nudging on upper-air (top) and near-surface (bottom) forecasts for a summer-2016 test period.*

# STRATOSPHERIC PROBLEM

Time Series of Standard Deviation  
2021042200-2021103000



- A significant degradation in upper-stratospheric scores (1-5 hPa) noted in the parallel run of the global system
- Source is bad ensemble covariances
- A subset of members diverge, with SAO mode driven by bad analysis increments static cross-validation technique
- Implementation of randomized cross-validation eliminates subensemble divergence and corrects the error



*Time series of 3-hPa zonal wind errors in the tropics in the global system (top). Zonal mean zonal wind speed within 10o of the equator in members of the global ensemble (bottom).*

# REFERENCES

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