# A climatological look at precipitation in NWP systems

Thanks to Daniel Klocke, Nils Wedi, François Bouyssel Irina Sandu, Brian Medeiros, Rich Neale

# Outline

- Motivation
- Testing the waters
- Results
- Where from here?

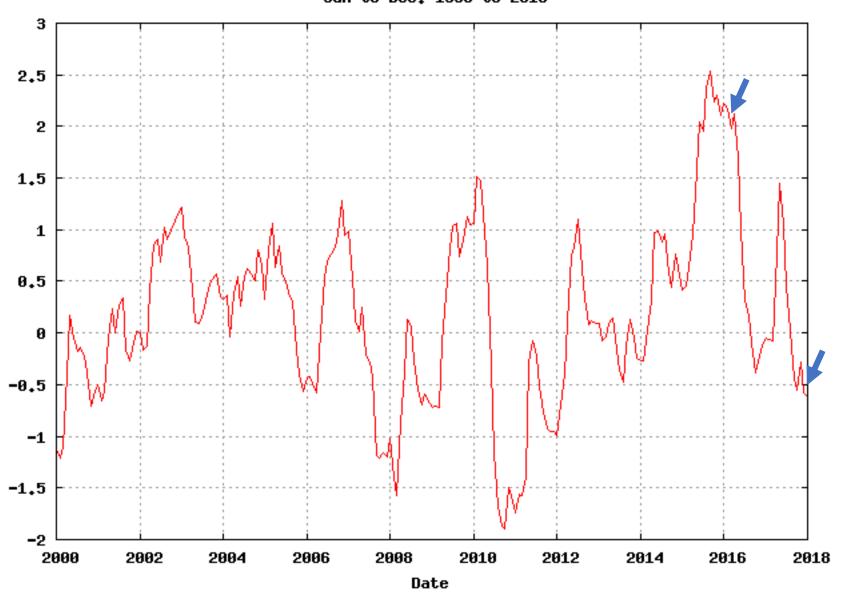
Motivation: Julia Slingo (October 2017) "NWP precip may be as good as observations"

- Let's look at NWP precip with a "climate lens"
  - Comparisons with TRMM
  - Andes biases
  - Are different NWP models similar
- Can we use NWP precip as "data"?

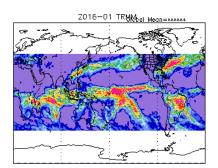
# Testing the waters

- Beginning with limited look at results from 3 centers:
   DWD, ECMWF, Meteo-France
- No real protocol yet
  - Approached individuals that seemed interested last October
  - Took what was relatively painless to provide
  - NH Winter is nice to look at Andes bias
- What I've gotten
  - DWD 1 year (2016) ... 2x daily (0Z, 12Z) 24 ... 120... Total
  - ECMWF 1 year (2016) 1x daily (0Z) 24 ... 120 Total, Conv, LS
  - Meteo-France Jan (2018) 1x daily (0Z) Conv, LS, solid, liquid

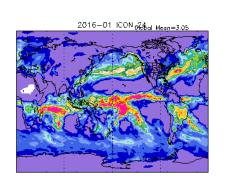
Multivariate ENSO Index (MEI): from NOAA/PSD Jan to Dec: 1950 to 2018

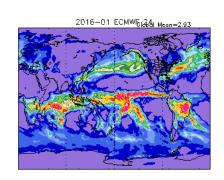


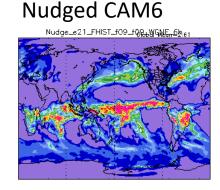
### January 2016

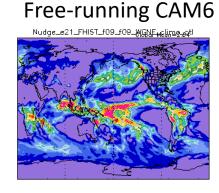


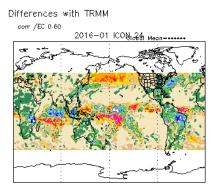
TRMM 3B42, Mean Forecast Precipitation for ICON, ECMWF (0-24 F-hour Accum) and monthly means for CAM6

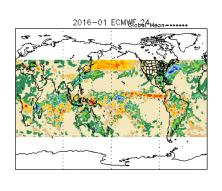


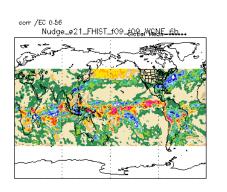


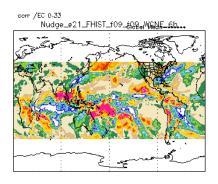




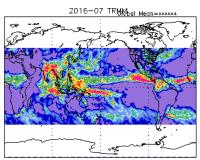




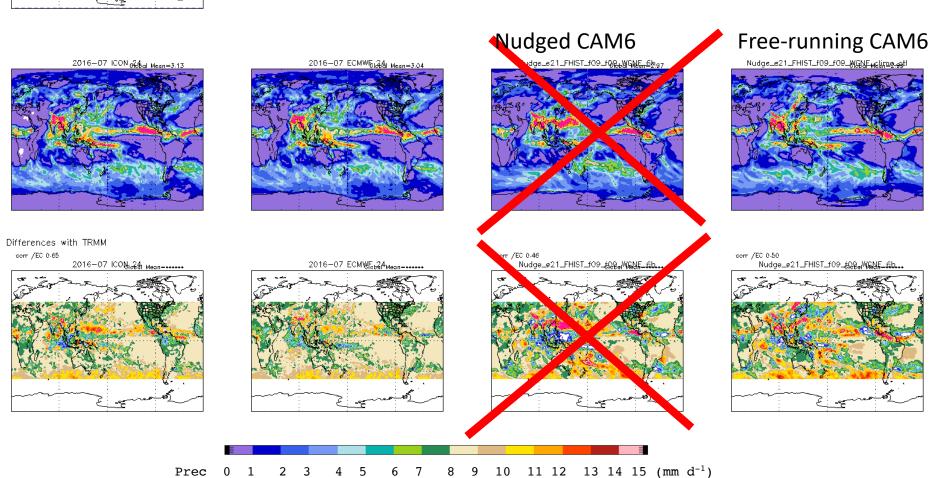




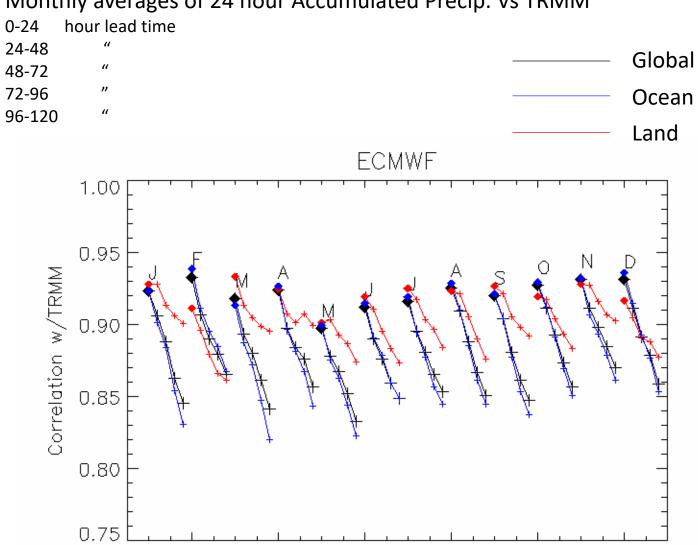
**July 2016** 



TRMM 3B42, Mean Forecast Precipitation for ICON, ECMWF (0-24 F-hour Accum) and monthly means for CAM6



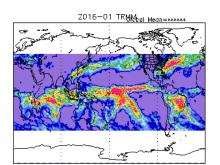
### Monthly averages of 24 hour Accumulated Precip. Vs TRMM



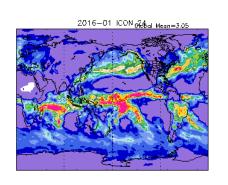
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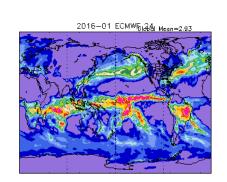
Month

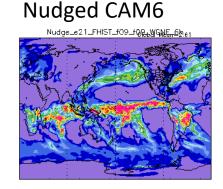
### January 2016

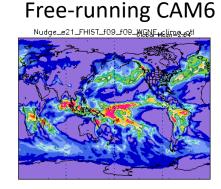


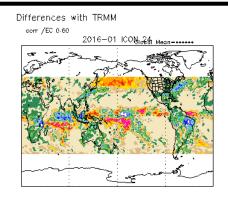
TRMM 3B42, Mean Forecast Precipitation for ICON, ECMWF (0-24 F-hour Accum) and monthly means for CAM6

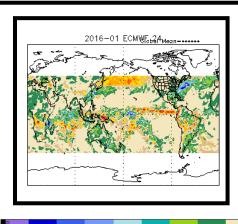


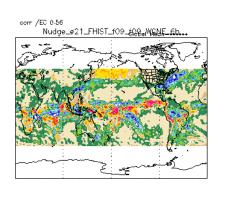


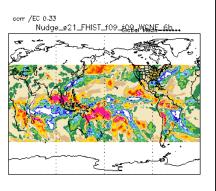




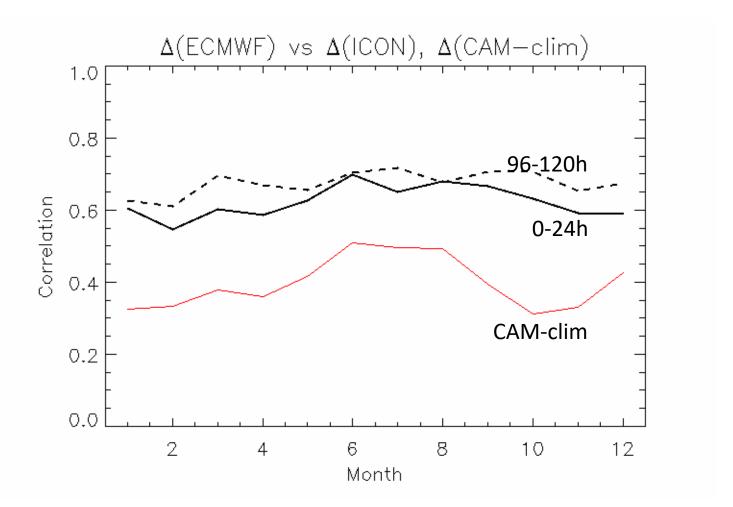






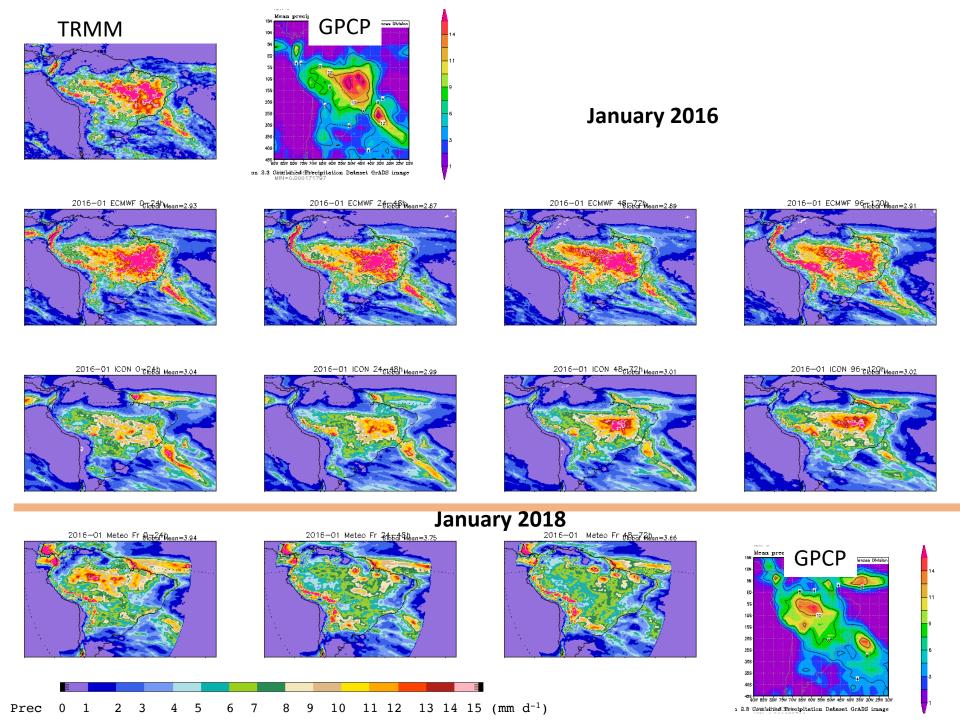


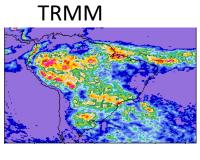
### Correlations of *differences* from TRMM



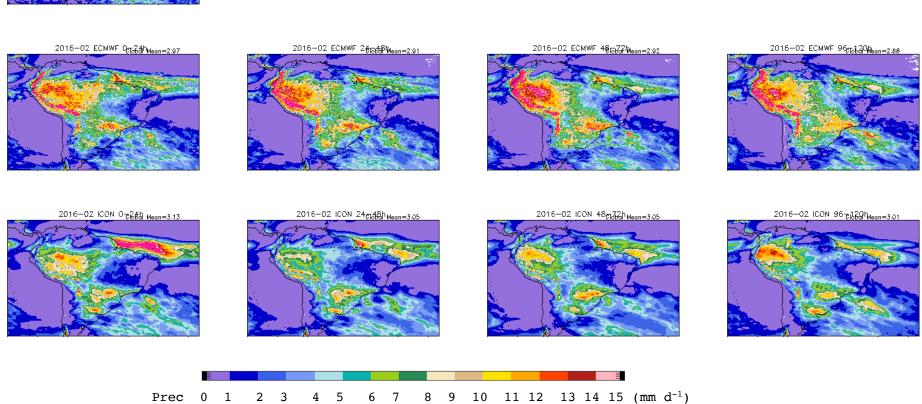
Models become more alike (significance?) as forecasts progress

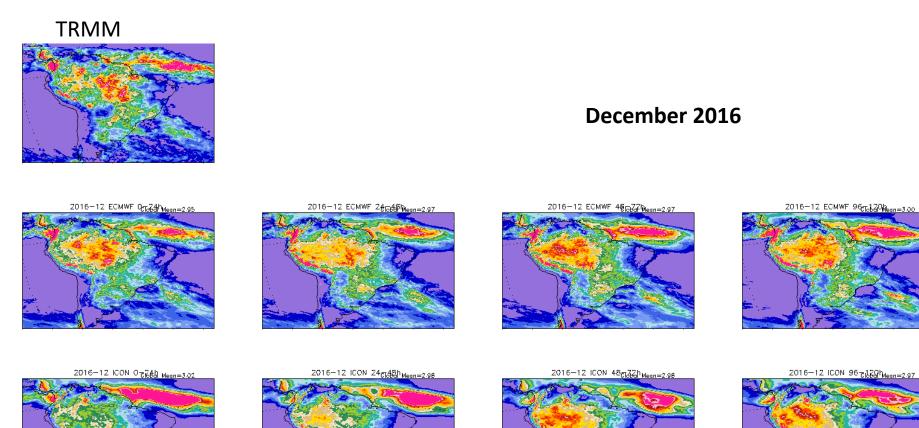
# Andes bias



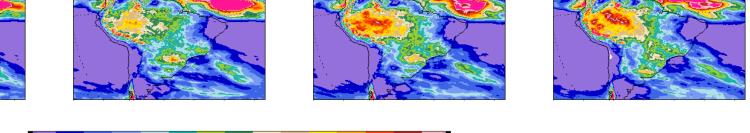


### February 2016

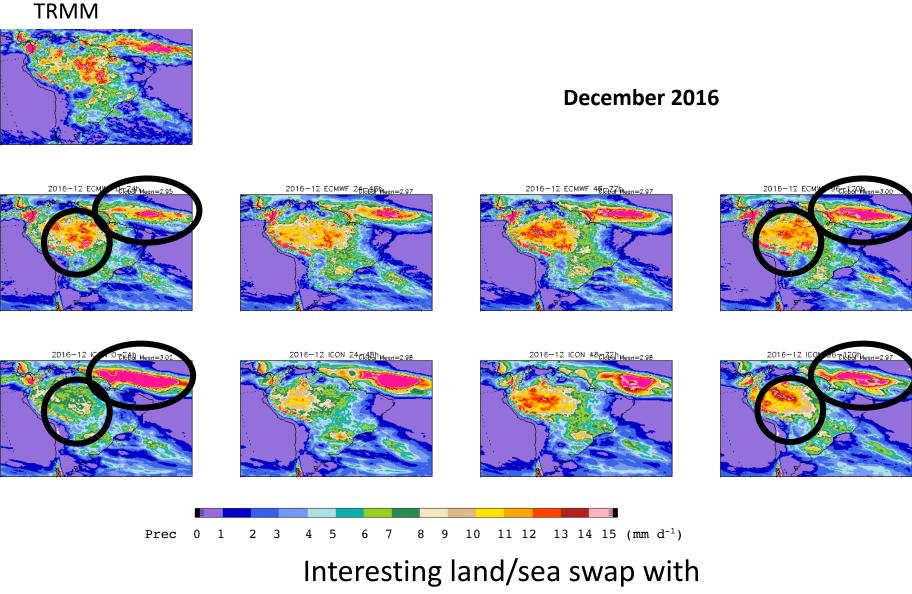




Prec



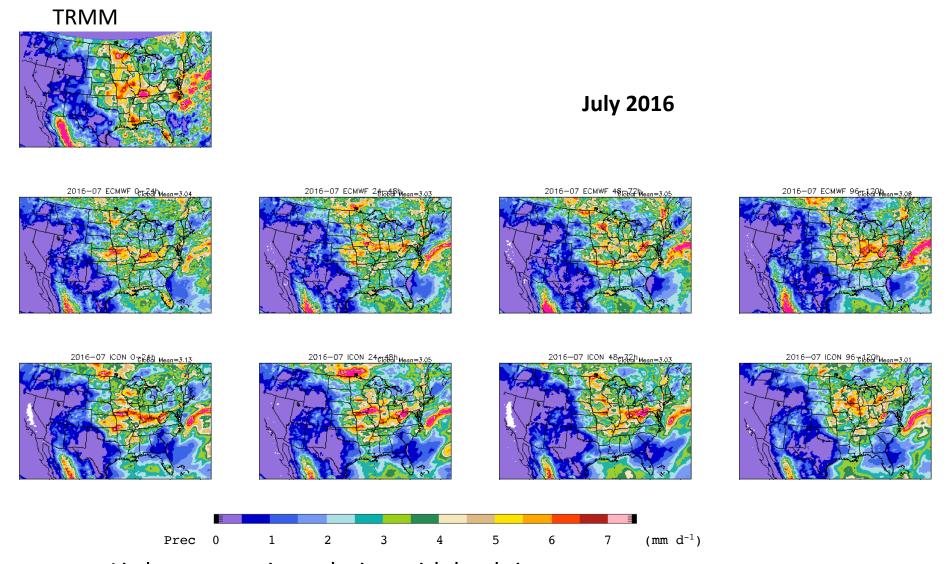
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15  $(mm \ d^{-1})$ 



opposing sense in ICON and ECMWF

## Andes bias

- Amazon/Andes start out drier in ICON, but seem to converge at longer lead times
- Orographic precip increases in all models with lead time

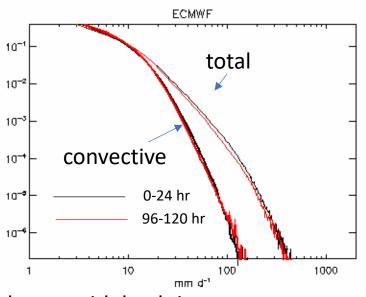


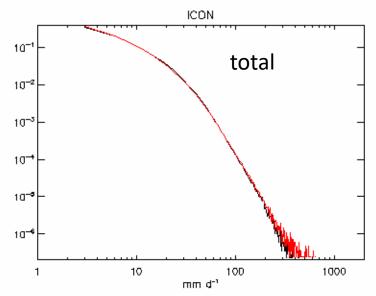
- Little systematic evolution with lead time apparent
- Note orographic details (western US) in model precipitation fields not present in TRMM

# Intensity PDFs of precipitation

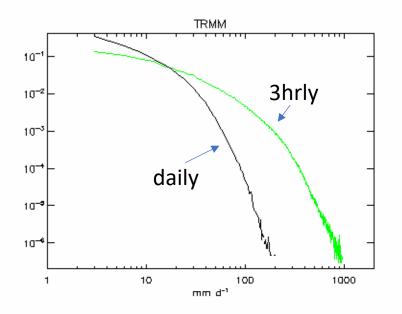
### Intensity PDFs accumulated between 49S and 49N

Precip PDFs 2016-07



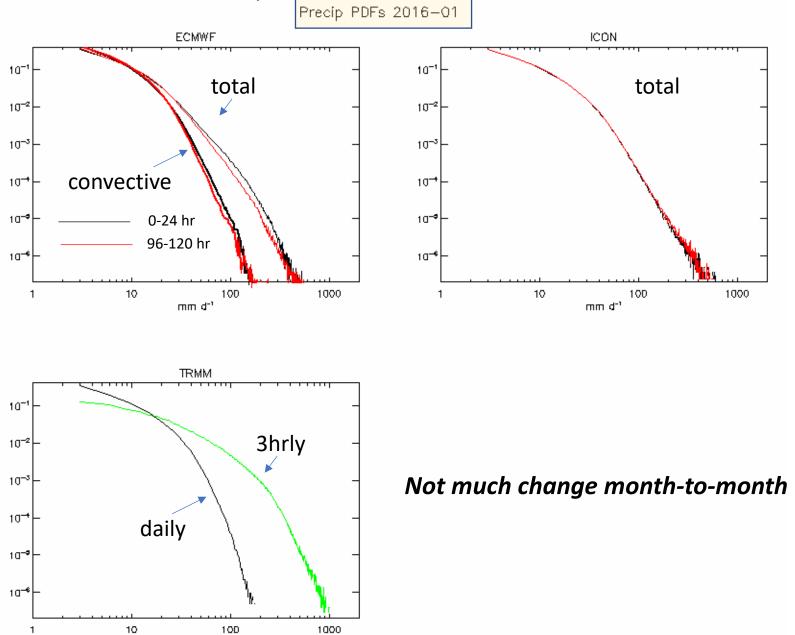


Little change with lead time



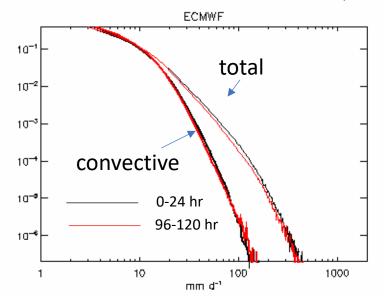
Note: Precip data is accumulated at different resolutions ICON ~0.25° ECMWF~0.12°(?) TRMM 3B42 ~0.25°

Intensity PDFs accumulated between 49S and 49N



mm d<sup>-1</sup>





Prec mm d<sup>-1</sup>

Extreme values in precipitation ~500 mm d<sup>-1</sup> aren't produced by convective scheme.

Prec mm d<sup>-1</sup>

Same is true in CAM

CAM (3hrly)

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CAMS 0.23x0.31

CAMS 0.9x1.25

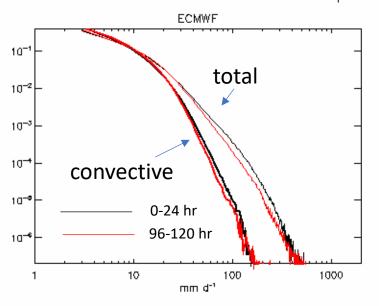
CONVECTIVE

104

CONVECTIVE

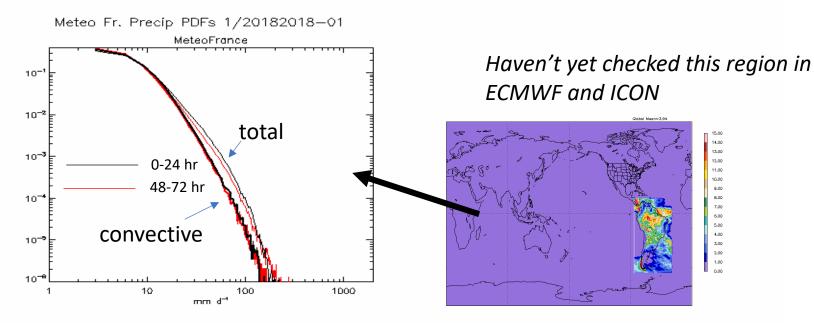
FIG. 11. PDFs of tropical precipitation for (a) CAM4  $0.23 \times 0.31$ , (b) CAM5  $0.23 \times 0.31$ , and (c) CAM5  $0.9 \times 1.25$ . Solid lines show PDFs of total precipitation as in Fig. 10. Dashed lines show PDFs of precipitation produced by deep and shallow convection parameterizations.

Prec mm d<sup>-1</sup>



MeteoFrance may behave like ECWMF and CAM but need to look beyond limited region

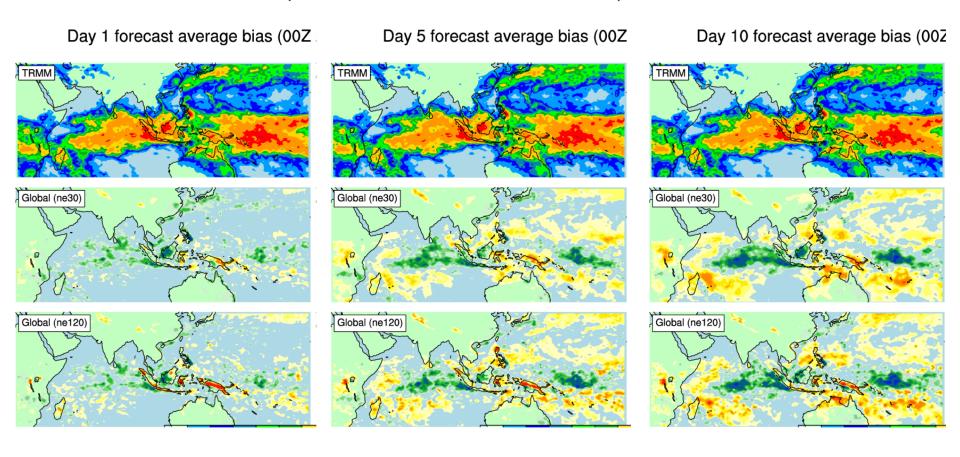
mm d-1

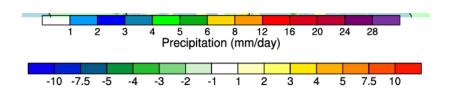


# Summary

- Some interesting agreements between models
- Topographic detail worth exploring more carefully
- Interesting convective/large-scale behavior

# Daily 20d forecasts (00Z 21 Oct 2009 to 00Z 01 Mar 2010)





Courtesy, Rich Neale

# Where to go from here?

- So far, limited look at results from 3 centers: DWD, ECMWF, Meteo-France. Extend to more years more centers?
- Extended validation, esp. in complex terrain.
- Proposed protocol
  - Accumulated precipitation at 24,48,72,96,120 hours (and 216, 240?)
  - Convective and total if relevant
  - Global fields