Serge Planton Météo-France, CNRM/GAME

WGNE meeting – 6 November 2012





## Climate modelling

- The climate system model <u>CNRM-CM</u> is developed in collaboration with CERFACS and IPSL.
- The atmospheric component ARPEGE-Climat is developped since the end of the 90s from the global weather forecast model ARPEGE resulting from the collaboration of Météo-France with ECMWF.
- The variable resolution version of ARPEGE-Climat is used for regional climate variability and climate change studies.
- The ALADIN-Climat limited area model is also a regional climate model developped since 2004 from the Météo-France weather forecast model ALADIN.
- The NEMO-MED is an adaptation of the NEMO ocean model to the Mediterranean Sea developped in collaboration with IPSL/LOCEAN, ENSTA and Mercator Océan. It is used in <u>uncoupled mode or coupled to</u> <u>regional climate models</u> for regional climate variability and climate change studies.

## Climate variability studies

- Analysis of tropical intraseasonal climate variability (MJO, ITCZ, West african monsoon,...).
- Study of teleconnections (Eurasian spring snow and indian monsoon, tropical SST and west african precipitation, ...).
- Analysis of european climate variability (role of ocean-air interaction on weather regimes, impact of stratosphere on NAO variability and predictability, ....).
- Study of extreme events (tropical cyclones, cold spells over Europe, intense precipitation events in the Mediterranean region, ...).







## Climate change scenarios at the global scale

- Participation to <u>CMIP5 simulation exercise</u> with CNRM-CM5.1: about 9000 simulated years for model evaluation (control simulation, 20<sup>e</sup> century with different forcings, holocene, LGM), process understanding (CFMIP) and climate projections (RCPs).
- Analysis of multimodel ensemble (transient climate response, <u>cold spells</u> over Western Europe, ...).
- Participation to COMBINE european project for the development of more accurate climate projections (ice-sheets coupling, interaction between surface processes and carbon cycle, ...).
- Development of <u>CNRM-CM6</u> (understanding and correction of model systematic errors, coupling to biogeochemical cycle ...).





### Climate change scenarios at the regional scale scale

- Climate change senarios with ALADIN-Climat over Europe (ENSEMBLES, 25km) and over France (12km).
- Estimate of multivariate probability density function of climate change (climate extreme indices vs temperature, precipitation vs temperature).
- Analysis of the <u>sources of uncertainties</u> in regional climate projections.
- Simulation of Mediteranean Sea variability with NEMOMED8 (Eastern Mediterranean Transient, convection).
- Coupled atmosphere / Mediterranean Sea regional climate change scenarios
- Participation to the <u>CORDEX</u> simulation exercise.
- Participation to climate impact studies and scenario distribution for emerging climate services (DRIAS).





#### Detection and attribution studies

- Methodological development adapted to detection and attribution studies at the regional scale (« Regularized Optimal Fingerprint », « Temporal Optimal Fingerprint »).
- Application of D&A to new variables at the global scale (salinity, continental evapotranspiration, ...).
- Application of D&A at the regional scale (France, Mediterranean area, ...).





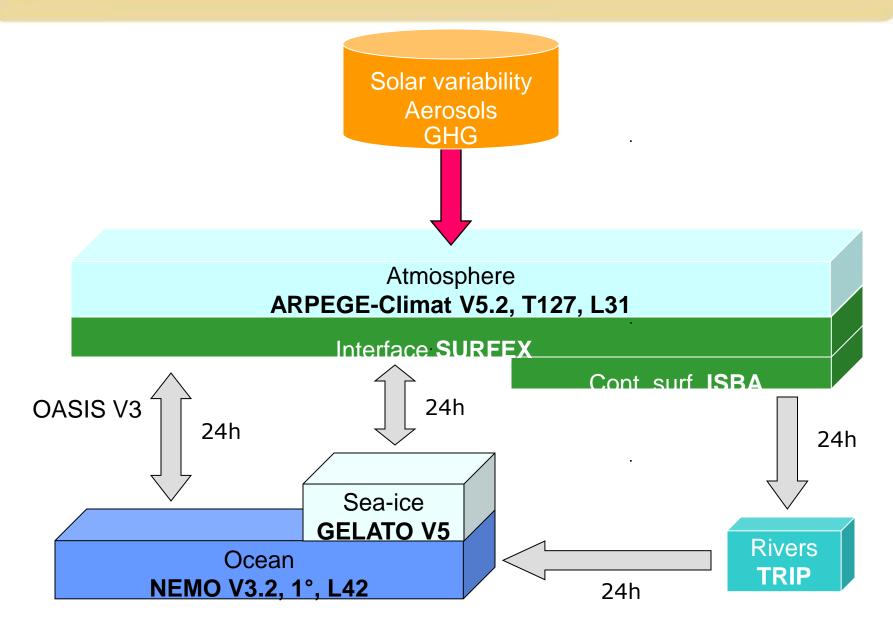
### Climate prediction

- Participation to intercomparison exercises and projects at the european level (ENSEMBLES, SPECS) and at the international level (CHFP).
- Development of an operational seasonal forecast system in the context of <u>Eurosip</u>.
- Analysis of the role of initialisation, surface condition, horizontal and vertical resolution on the predictability.
- Evaluation of seasonal prediction over specific regions (Africa, Mediterranean area, ..).
- Development of ensemble forecast methodologies (<u>stochastic forecast</u>).
- Study of the <u>impact of the stratosphere on predictability</u> from seasonal to decadal scales).

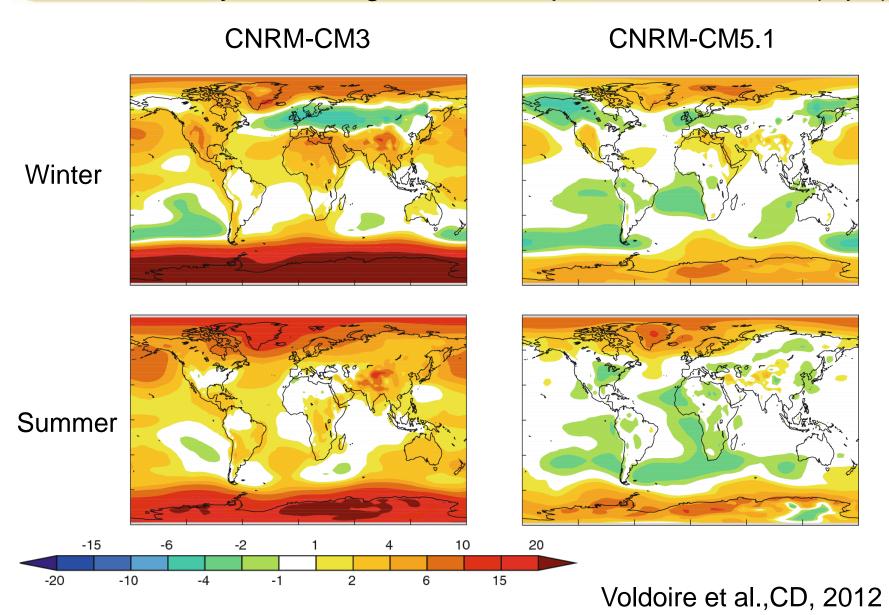




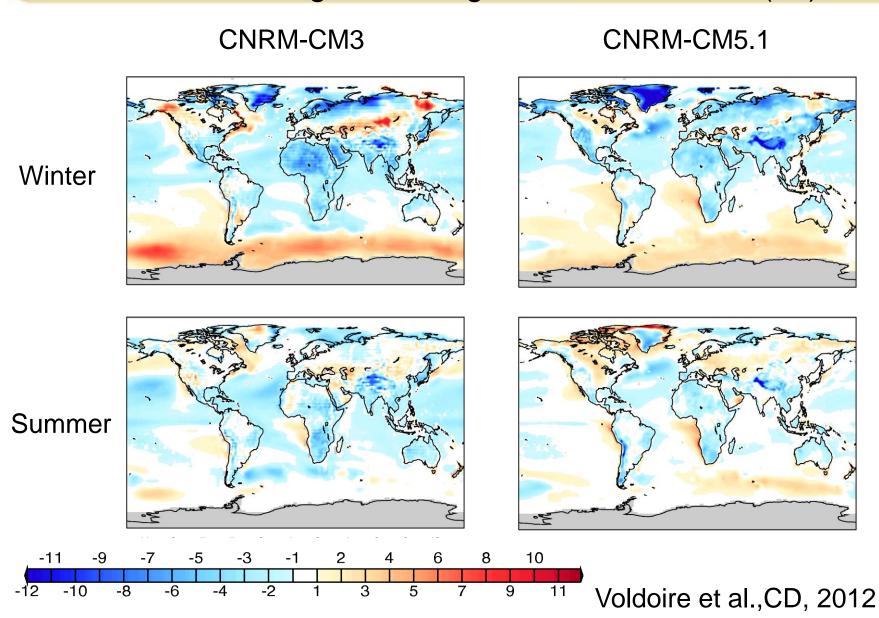
# The CNRM-CM5.1 climate system model



# Mean sea level pressures differences to the ERA40 reanalysis averaged over the period 1970-1999 (Hpa)

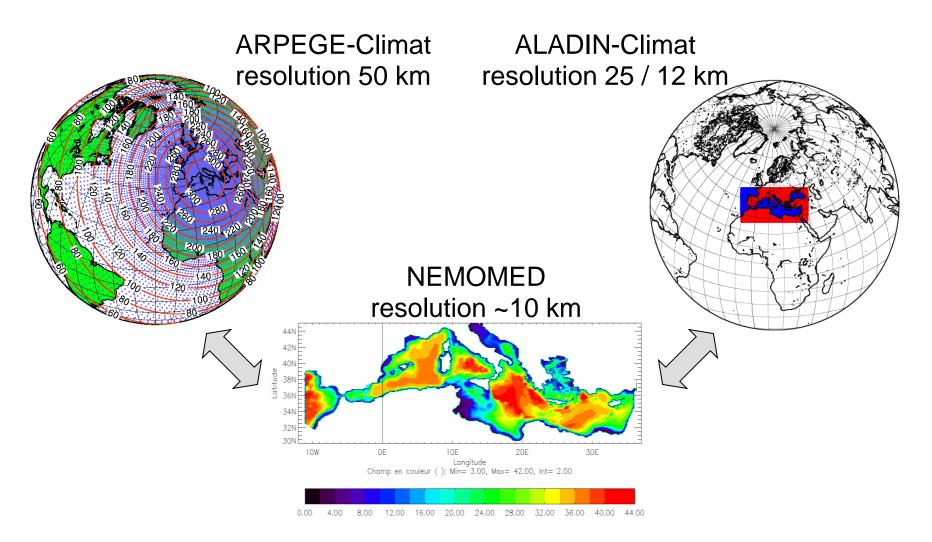


# Surface temperature differences to the CRU and HadSST climatologies averaged over 1970-1999 (°C)



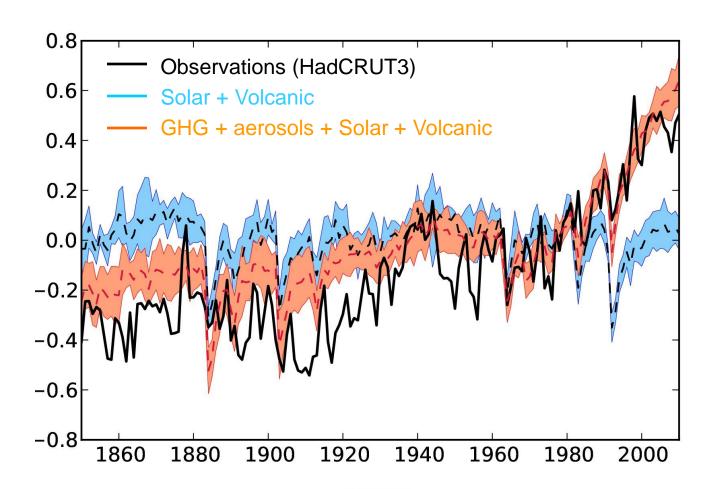


# Climate models for regional climate modelling





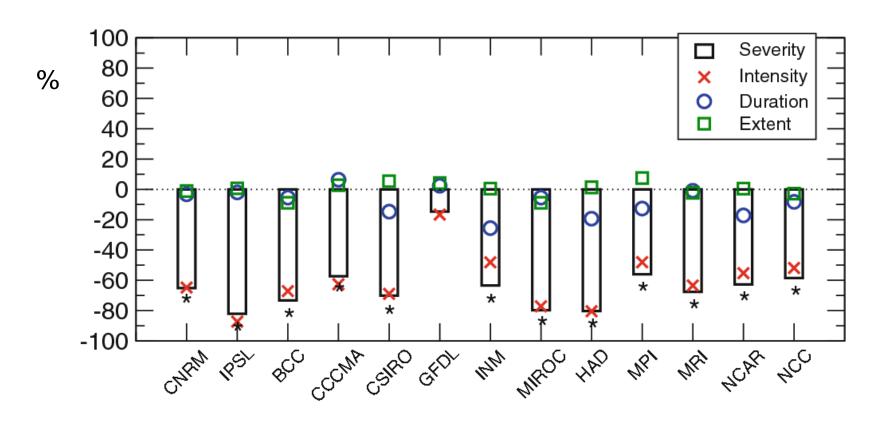
# Observed and simulated mean surface temperature with different forcings over the period 1850-2010



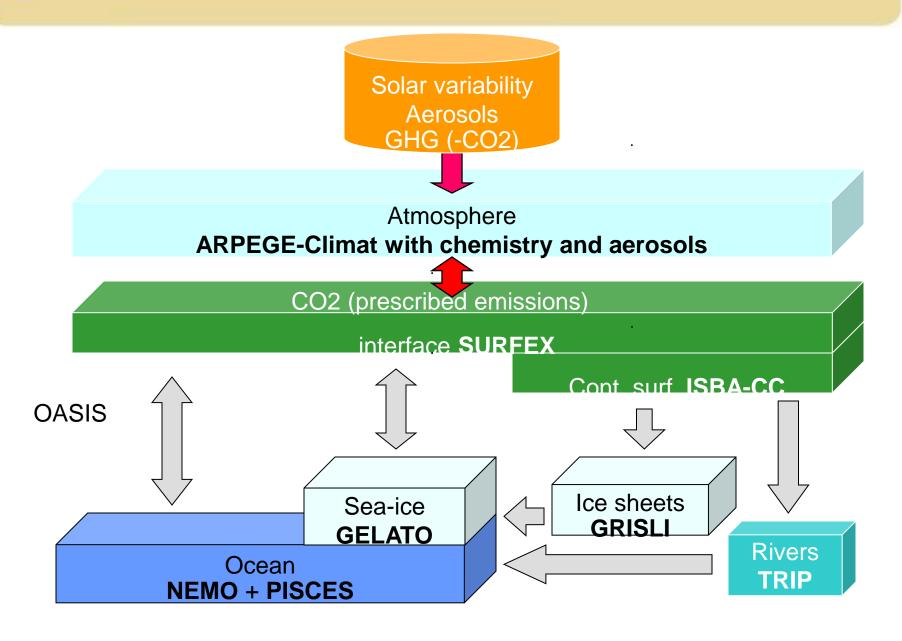


# Severity of cold spell days in winter over Western Europe

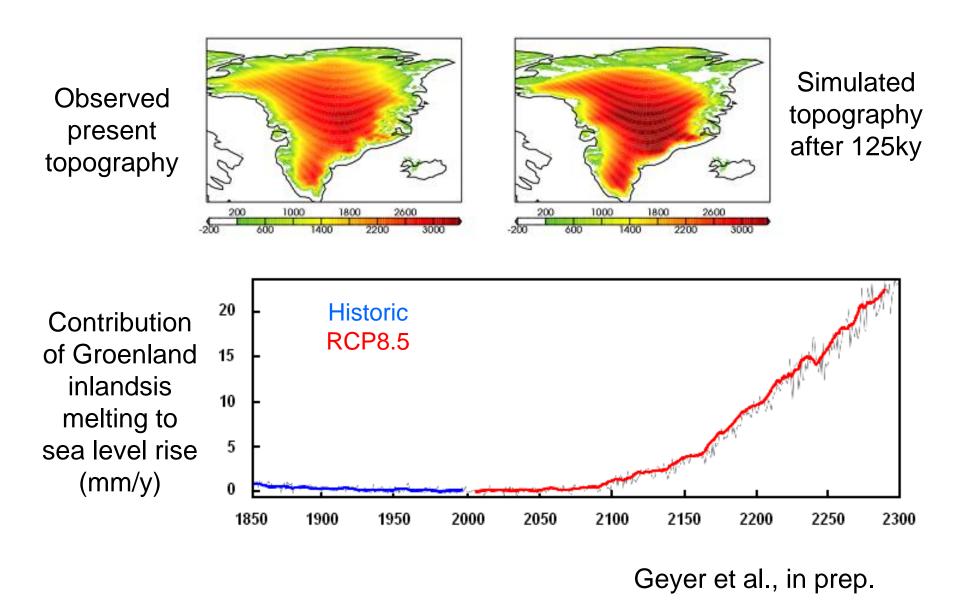
RCP8.5 projections relative to present 2070-2099 / 1979-2008



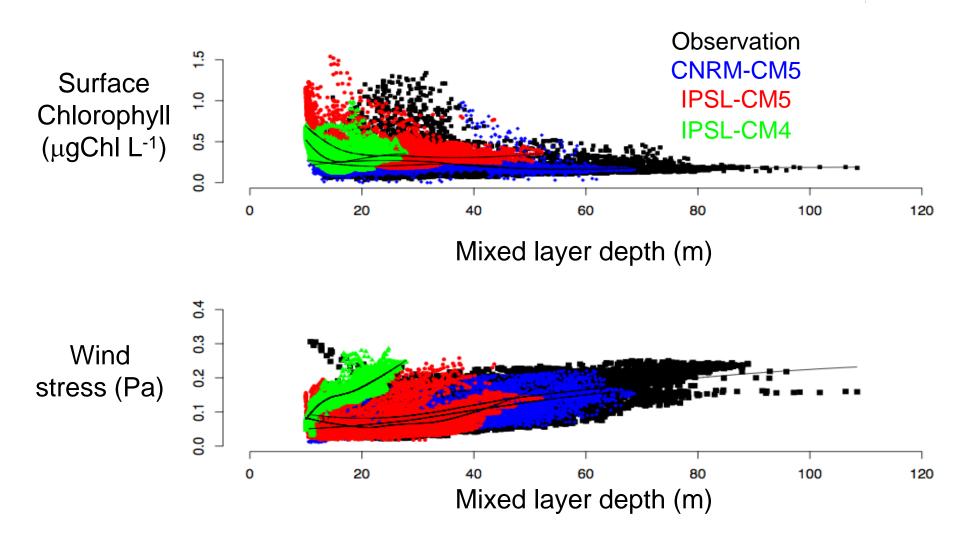
## **Towards CNRM-CM6**



#### Simulation of ice sheet and sea level

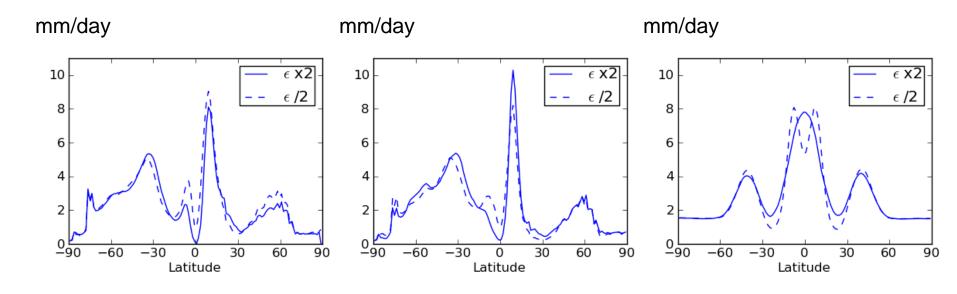


# Simulated and observed surface chlorophyll and wind stress vs summer MLD in the Southern Ocean (<30° S)



Séférian et al., CD, 2012

# Simulated zonal mean precipitation : sensitivity to lateral entrainment in convective clouds



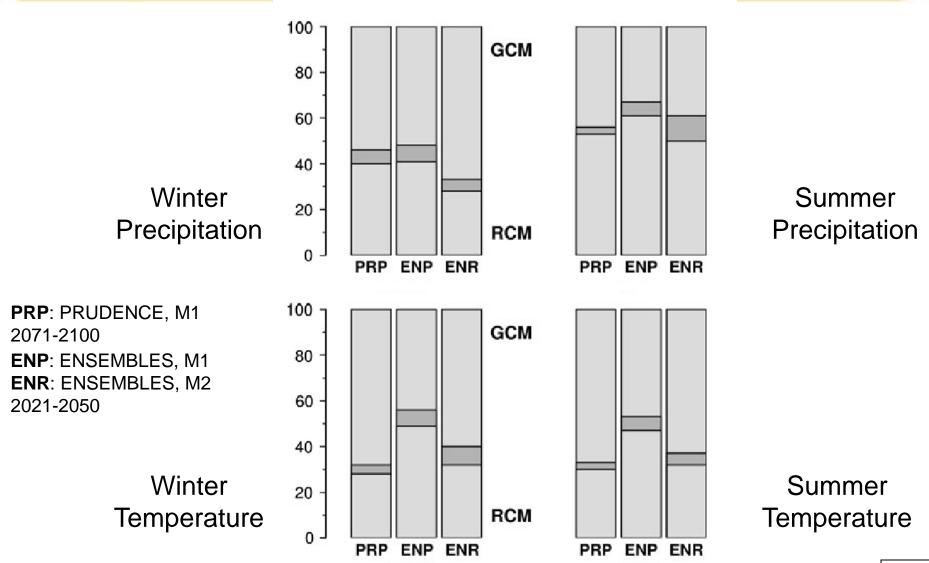
Coupled mode CMIP

Uncoupled mode AMIP

Aqua-planet mode



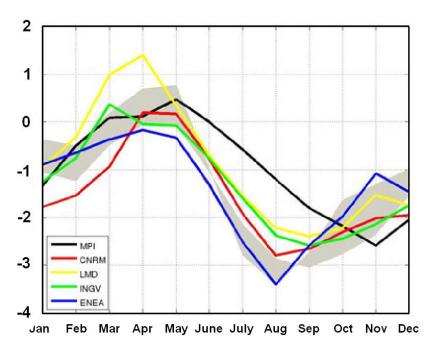
## Uncertainties in regional climate projections over Europe



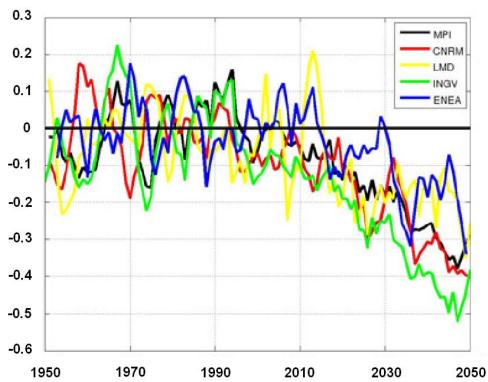
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# Water budget over the Mediterranean Sea simulated by the coupled regional climate models of the CIRCE project

Annual cycle of the total water flux over 1961-1990 (mm/day)

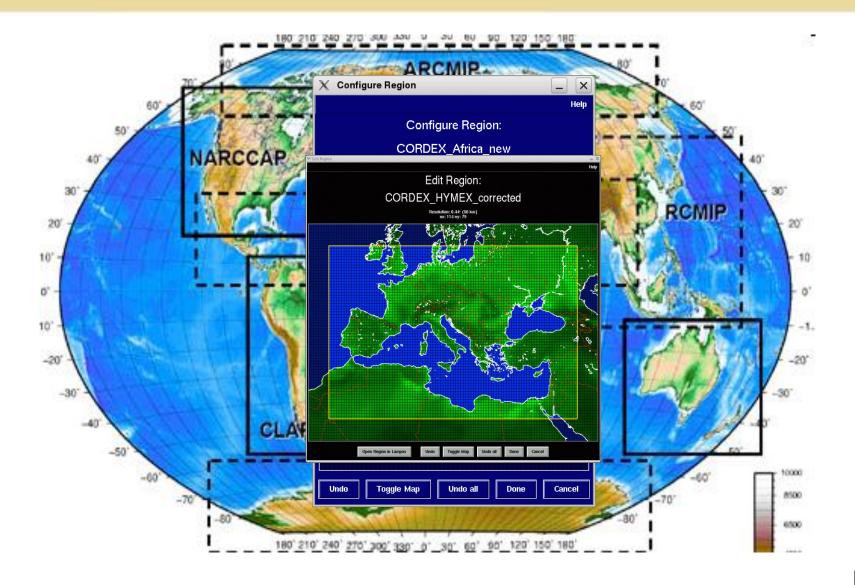


Anomaly of the total water flux / 1961-1990 (mm/day)



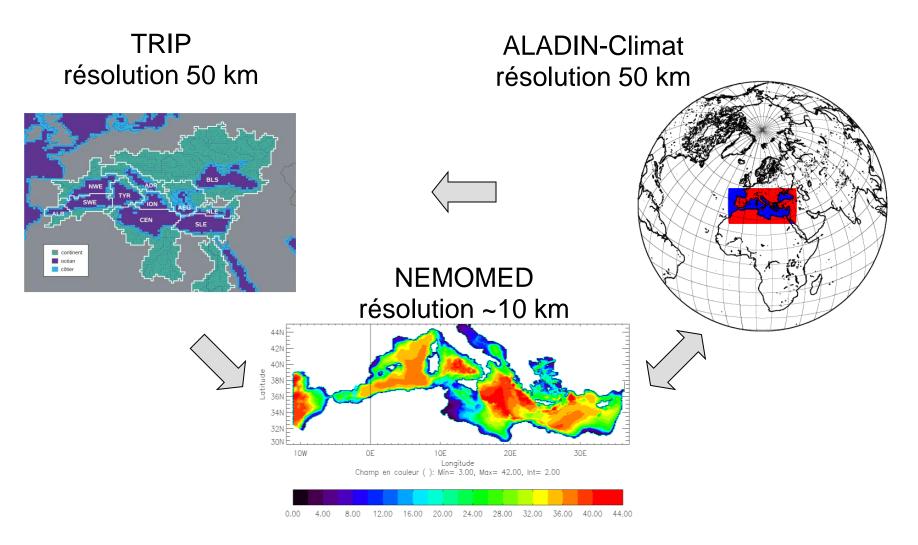


# Participation to CORDEX intercomparison project





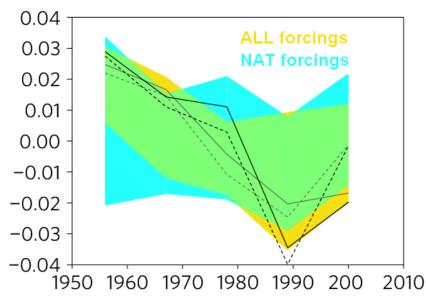
## Towards a regional climate system model

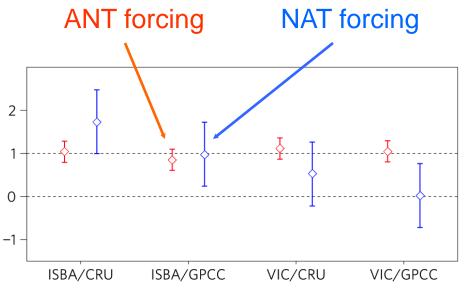




## Anthropogenic influence in global evapotranspiration

Simulated and reconstructed tropical evapotranspiration

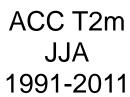


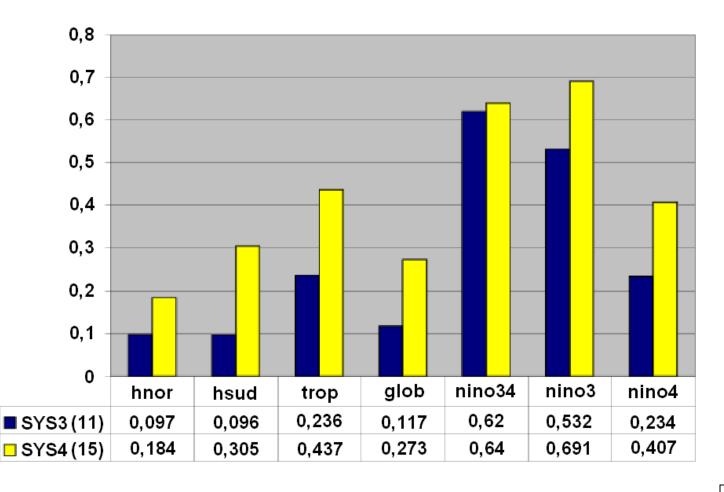


Scaling factor from optimal fingerprint analysis



## Eurosip Meteo-France systems intercomparison







## A stochastic method for improving seasonal prediction

RMS and ensemble spread for NH Z500

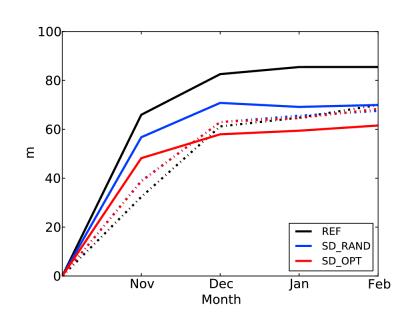


Table 1. Mean ACC Values for REF, SD RAND and SD OPT<sup>a</sup>

Region	Variable	REF	SD_RAND	SD_OPT
NH <sup>b</sup>	Z500	0.25	0.37	0.65
Tropics <sup>c</sup>	Precipitation	0.45	0.45	0.52
Tropics	T2m	0.47	0.47	0.51
Niño 3.4 <sup>d</sup>	T2m	0.83	0.81	0.82



# Anomaly Correlation Coefficient for CNRM-CM T127L91 Winter forecast over the period 1979-2010

