

# **Report from THORPEX Data Assimilation and Observing Systems Working Group**

**Tom Hamill and Roger Saunders  
DAOS co-chairs**

**with input from working group members**

# DAOS-5 WG meeting

## Madison, 19-20 Sep 2012



- Update on targeting
- Updates on THORPEX field campaigns
- Review observing systems
- Review developments in data assimilation
- WG matters

<http://www.ssec.wisc.edu/meetings/daos/agenda.html>

# Current membership

Tom Hamill(D), Co-chair NOAA, USA	Roger Saunders(O), Co-chair Met Office, UK	Stefan Klink(O) DWD, Germany
Carla Cardinali(D) ECMWF	Chris Velden(O) Univ Wisconsin-CIMSS, USA	Ron Gelaro(D) NOAA, USA
Tom Keenan(O) CAWCR, Australia	Rolf Langland(D) NRL, USA	Bertrand Calpini (O) MeteoSwiss, Switzerland
Andrew Lorenc(D) MetOffice, UK	Florence Rabier(D/O) Météo-France	Prof. Bin Wang(D), Chinese Academy of Sciences, China
Michael Tsyroulnikov(D) HydroMet Centre, Russia	Mark Buehner (D) Environment Canada	Sharan Majumdar (D) RSMAS, Univ Miami, USA
<i>Daryl Kleist(D), NCEP, USA</i>		

O=Observations D=Data Assimilation

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WORLD METEOROLOGICAL ORGANIZATION

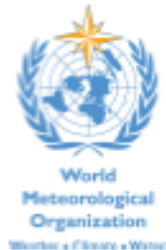
WORLD WEATHER RESEARCH PROGRAMME

COMMISSION FOR ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCES

TARGETED OBSERVATIONS FOR  
IMPROVING NUMERICAL WEATHER PREDICTION:  
AN OVERVIEW

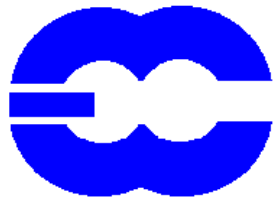
*Prepared by*

*Sharanya J. Majumdar and Co-authors*



## Targeted Observations

THORPEX overview  
report available, and  
soon a BAMS article  
to be submitted.



# Impact of Targeted Dropsonde Data on Mid-latitude Numerical Weather Forecasts during the 2011 Winter Storms Reconnaissance Program

Presented by Tom Hamill

Forecasts and assimilations : Carla Cardinali, ECMWF

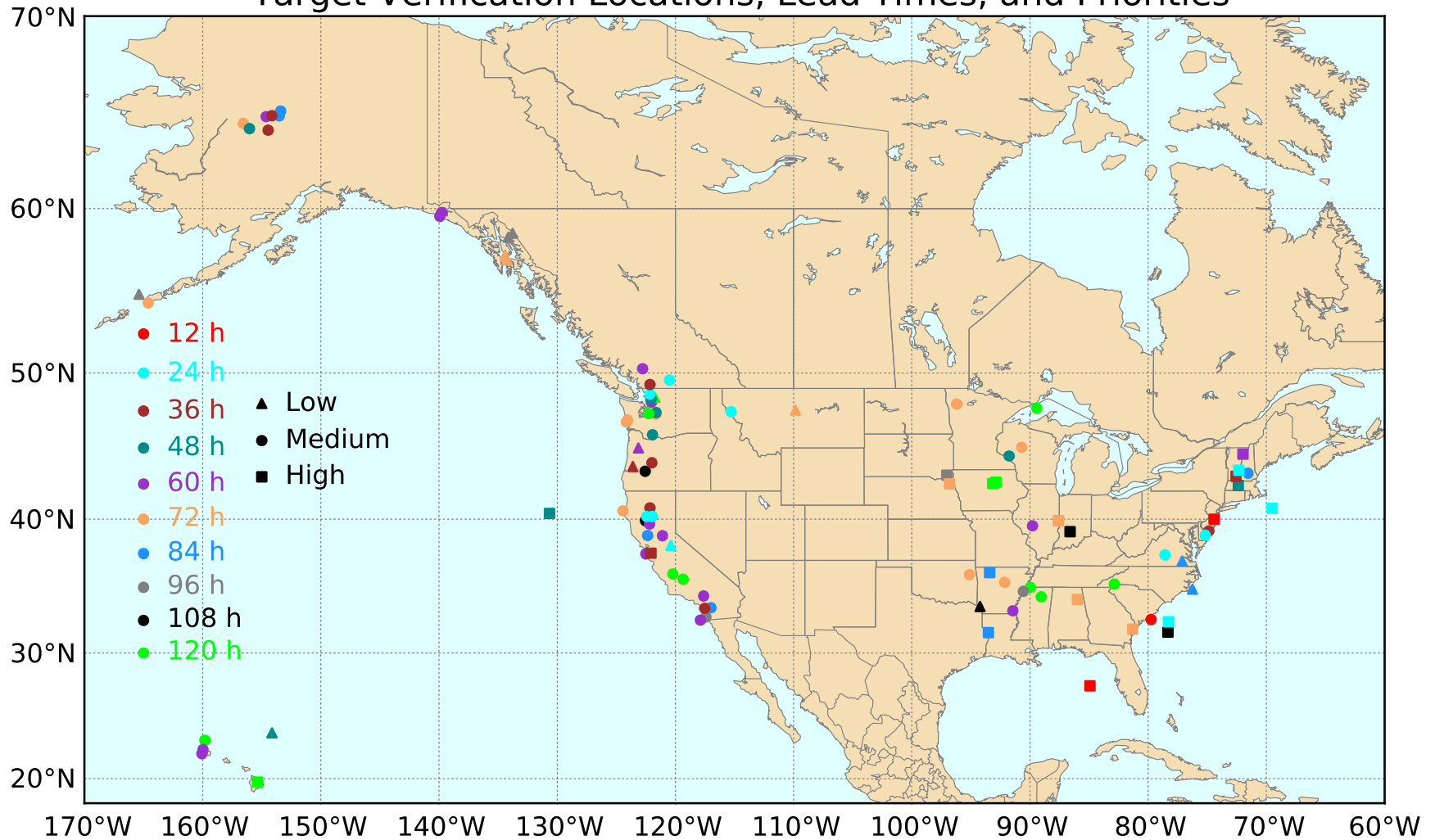
Data analysis : Fanglin Yang, NCEP

also: Sharanya Majumdar, RSMAS, U. Miami

Question: will assimilation of mid-latitude dropsonde data have as large an impact as previously shown, given denser observation network, better assimilation systems and models?

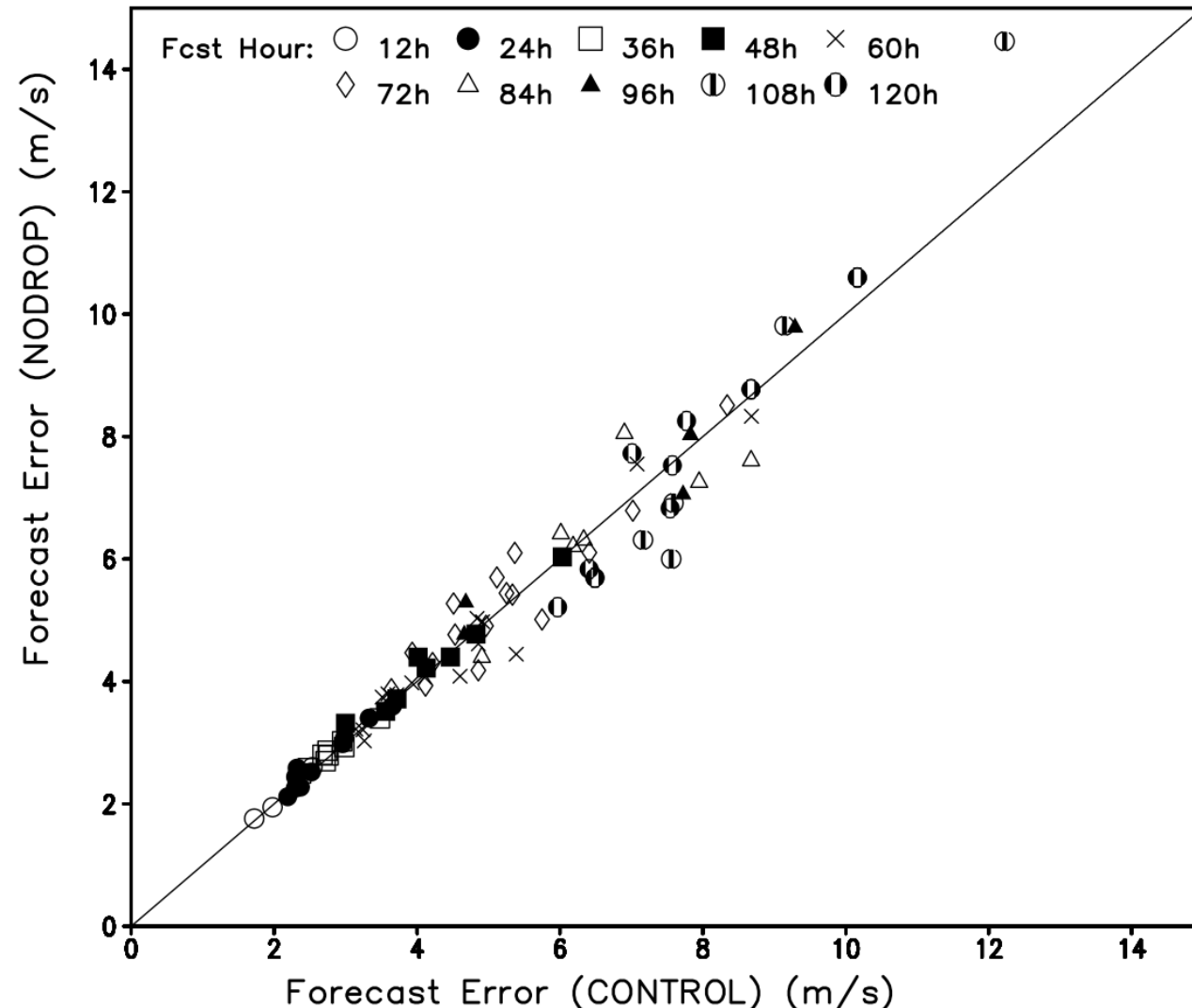
# 2010/11 WSR campaign

Target Verification Locations, Lead Times, and Priorities



# Scatterplot of impacts

(a) Energy Norm, NODROP v.s. CONTROL, over 20x20-deg Boxes



For each case where dropsondes were launched, a downstream target location and verification time are identified. Data are plotted here only for these times/target locations.

Verification area here is a +/- 10 degree box centered on target. Verification norm is an approximation to the total-energy norm.

Cases above line indicate benefit from targeted data.

No obvious beneficial impact.



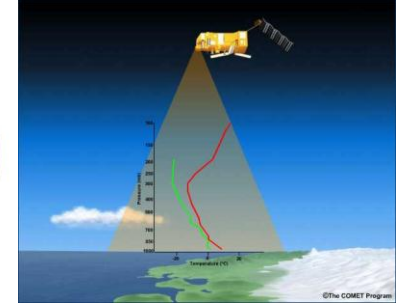
# Concordiasi = CONCORDIA-IASI

A French-US initiative for climate / meteorology over Antarctica

Improve the use of space-borne atmospheric sounders over polar regions, in particular IASI on board MetOp

Benefit from the continental French-Italian station

Concordia





# ConcordIASI : Analysis Uncertainty, 45° S to 70° S

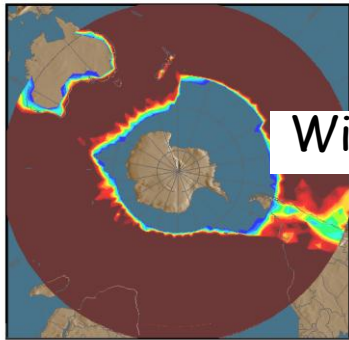
To the north: Geostationary satellite winds,  
ship surface obs, commercial aircraft routes

To the south: Antarctic raobs and land surface  
data, MODIS and AVHRR winds

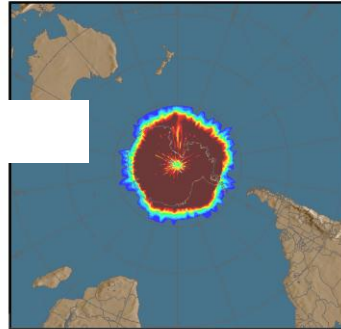
Analysis differences: observational gap  
leads to large differences off Antarctica

Mean Z500 variance ECMWF NOGAPS METFRANCE GEOS5

Sfc-10 hPa No. Sat Wind Obs 505286  
24 of 30-Day ALL SSEC, ALL CHAN, VT 2011082000-2011091800  
Min, Max: 0 , 1174 Mean: 116.158 , SDEV: 176.595

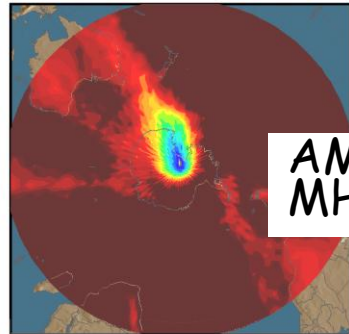


Sfc-10 hPa No. Sat Wind Obs 153848  
24 of 30-Day ALL MODIS, ALL CHAN, VT 2011082000-2011091800  
Min, Max: 0 , 440 Mean: 35.3674 , SDEV: 70.713



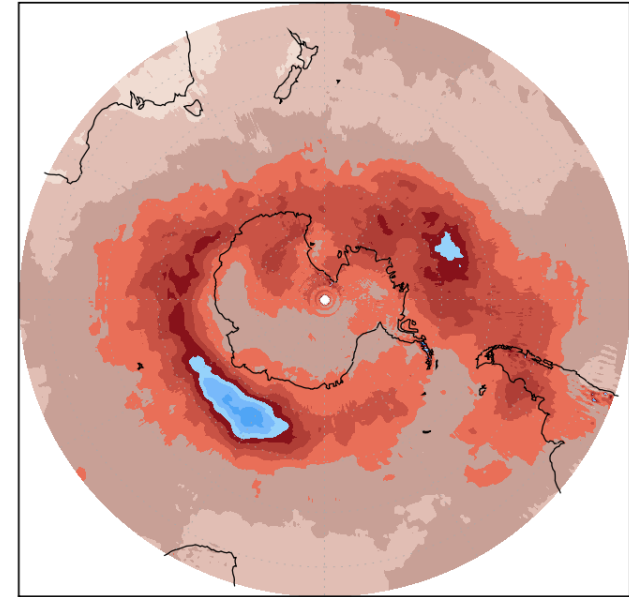
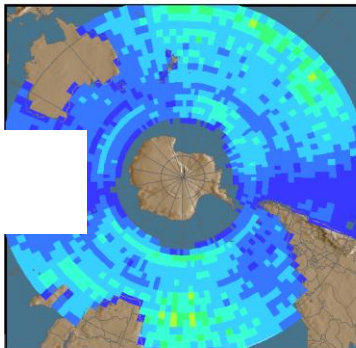
Winds

No. AMSU Obs 3.50306e+06  
All NOAA, All Chan Min, Max: 0 , 1915 , Mean: 805.302 , SDEV  
24 of 30-Day VT 2011082000-2011091800



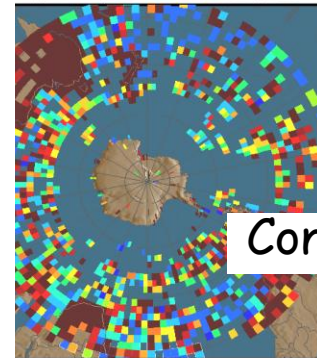
AMSU/  
MHS

All Satellites, All Chan No. MHS Obs 133108  
25 of 30-Day VT 2011090600-2011100500  
Min, Max: 1 , 243 , Mean: 56.3063 , SDEV: 39.898



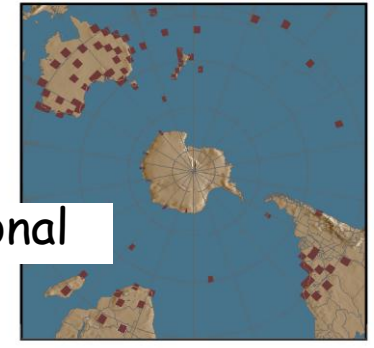
00UTC27Sept - 12UTC16Nov 2010 100 analyses

No. All Surface Obs 146738  
-Day All Surface, VT 2011082000-2011091800  
Min, Max: 0 , 3037 Mean: 33.7329 , SDEV: 145.75



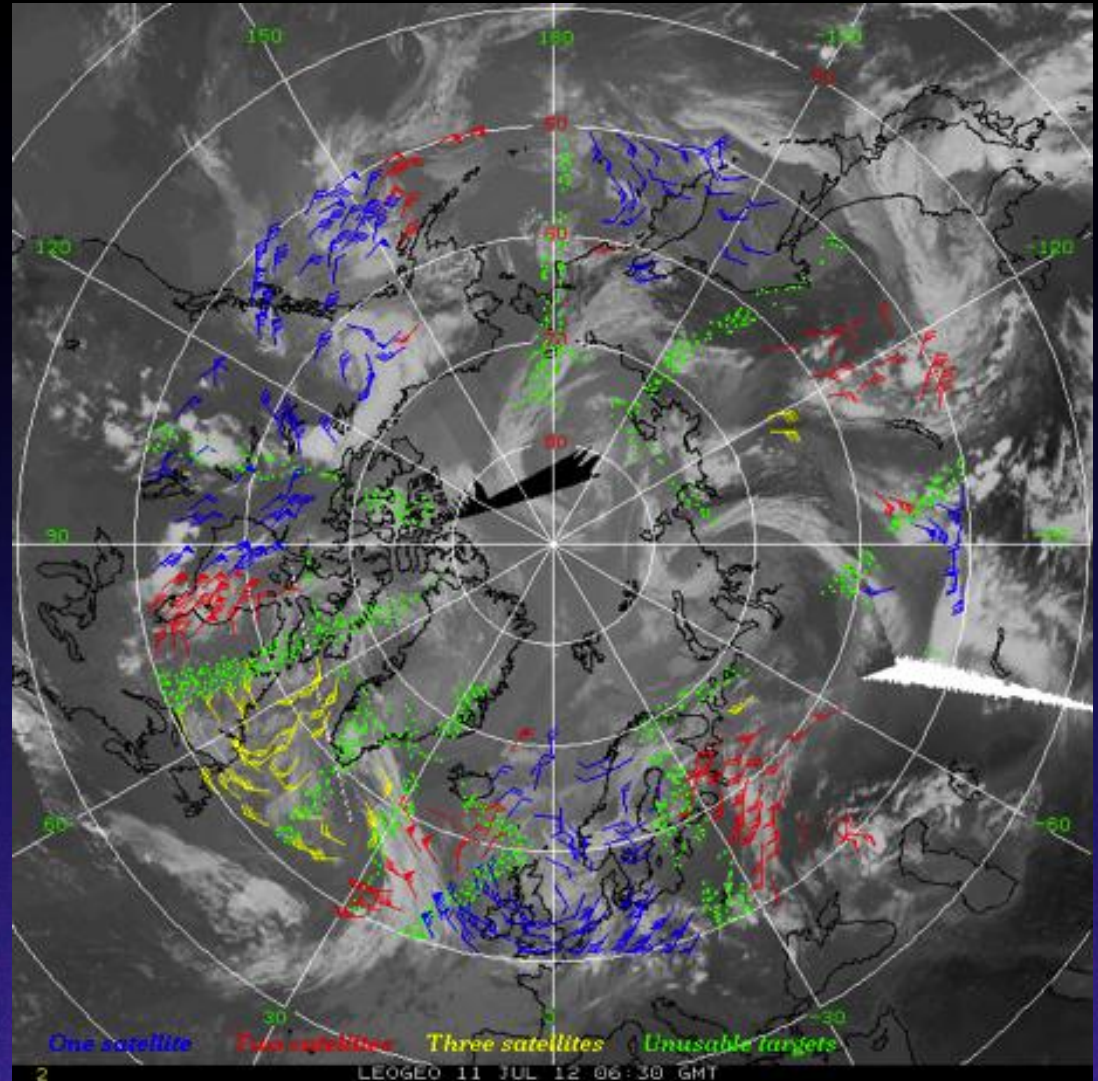
Conventional

Sfc-10 hPa No. All Radiosonde Obs 346809  
24 of 30-Day Mandatory & Significant Levels, VT 2011082000-2011091800  
Min, Max: 0 , 7563 Mean: 79.7262 , SDEV: 620.909



# 3. New and future AMVs/products: Closing the gap with Leo/Geo winds

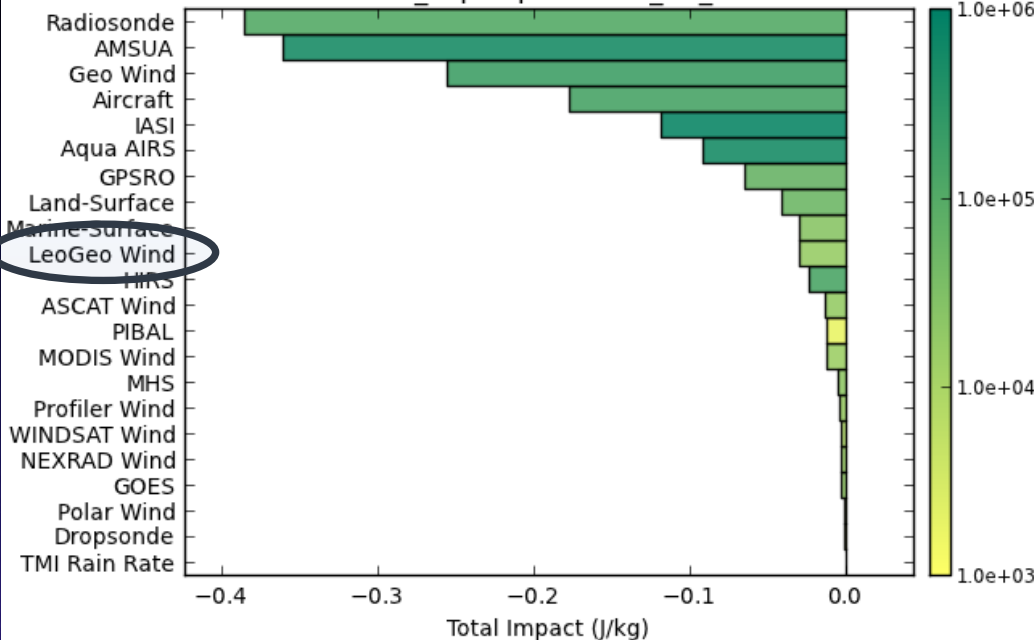
- Composites of GOES, Meteosat, FY-2, MTSAT, AVHRR, MODIS
  - AVHRR: Metop A, NOAA-15, 16, 18, 19
  - MODIS: Terra and Aqua
- Tracking clouds in infrared window channel, accounting for:
  - Variable pixel time
  - Parallax



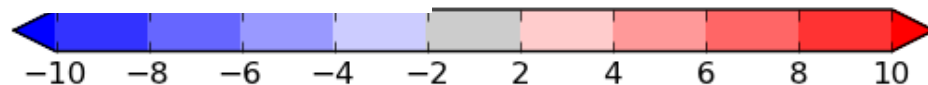
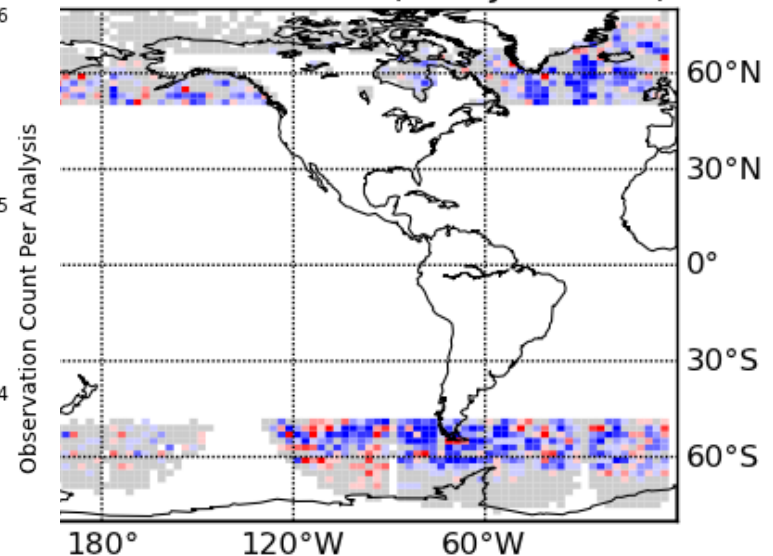
# 3. New and future AMVs/products: Closing the gap with Leo/Geo winds

Impact of Leo/Geo winds: NRL superobbed winds in NASA GMAO GEOS-5

GEOS-5 24h Observation Impact Summary  
10 Dec 2010-31 Jan 2011 00z  
Global Domain, Total Impact  
db=im\_exp expid=d572\_sw\_nrlw



oWinds NRLAMV (Dec-Jan 2011)



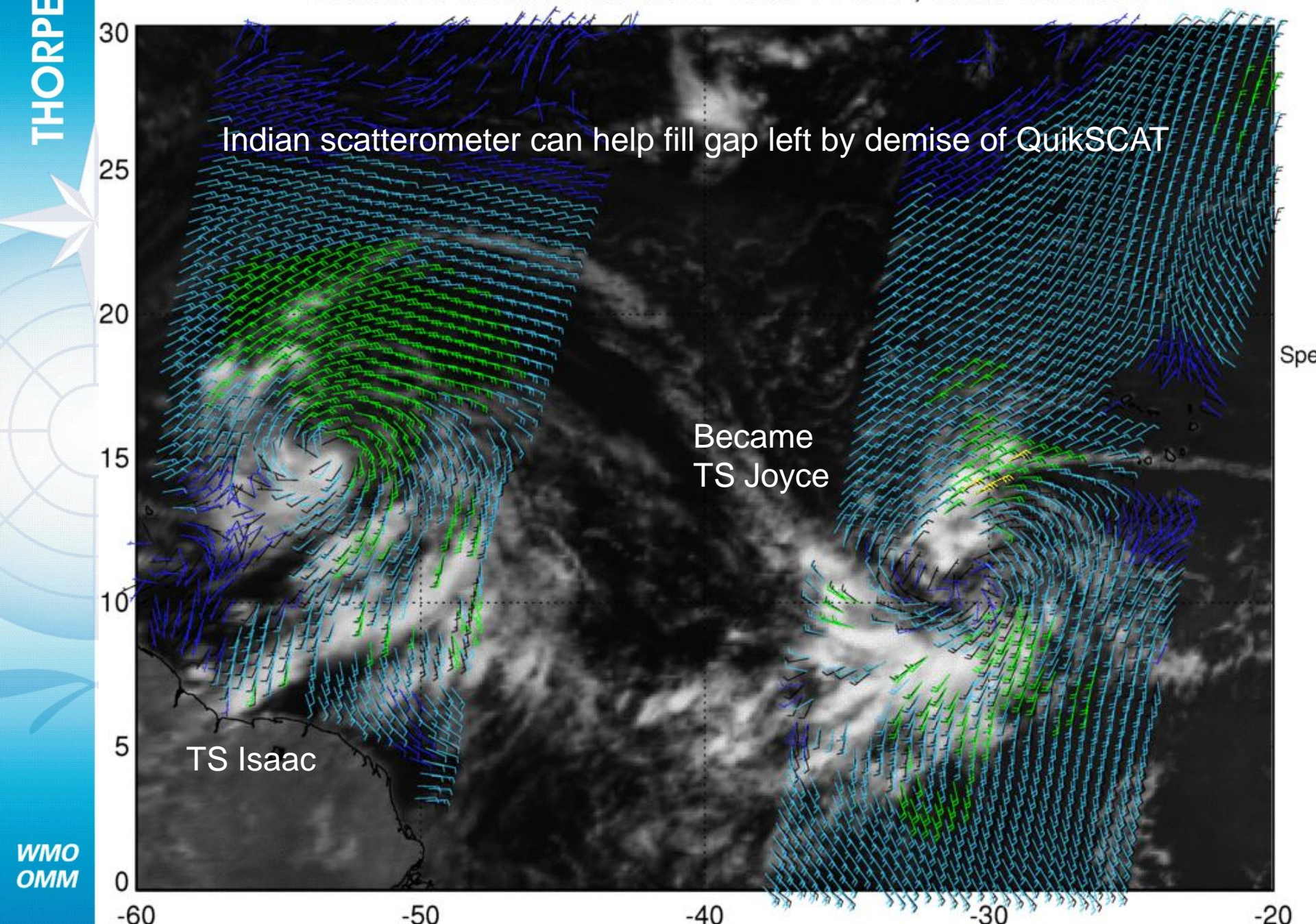


Indian scatterometer can help fill gap left by demise of QuikSCAT

Became  
TS Joyce

TS Isaac

Spe



# Private industry to supply hyperspectral data?

## GeoMetWatch, a US Company



- ◆ Privately owned commercial data provider offers **“STORM”** *leveraging GIFTS technology development*
- ◆ Oct 2010: Licensed by US Dept. of Commerce for hyperspectral data collection at **6 sites around the world** (under the US Remote Sensing Act of 2003)
- ◆ Promises to restore critical data for severe weather forecasting cancelled from GOES-R and much more *at a fraction of the cost, in record time!*
- ◆ Potential Customers: US, top sovereign governments world-wide, and & commercial enterprises



# Conclusions on satellite observation platforms



- Research satellites/instruments can be valuable as operational data providers, but can fail suddenly without backups (e.g. ENVISAT, AMSR-E are recent examples)
- Satellite data contributions to the GOS by nations increasing (e.g. FY-3, Oceansat-2), to hopefully help fill future gaps
- New privately funded initiatives to provide satellite data
- Impact of satellite data in medium range NWP is dominant in many advanced DA systems
- Research underway to extend/improve use of advanced IR sounders (cloudy rads, use PCs, more data over land etc.)



# Distribution of global ASAP soundings 2010

[input from ASAP report at SOT-VI meeting 2011, author: Rudolf Krockauer, chairperson ASAP Task Team]

6011 Snd. on the GTS

**82% E-ASAP fleet**

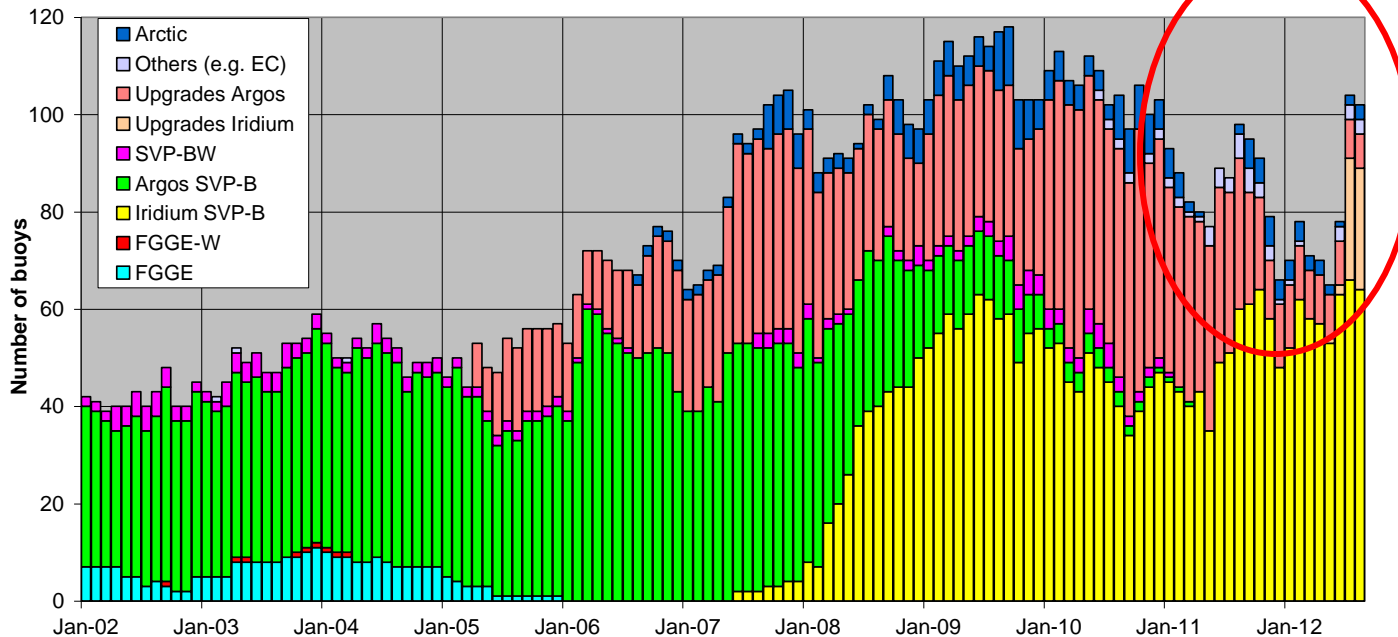
**7% RV Polarstern**

**11% All other (mainly 2 Japanese ships)**

Note: Soundings over East Europe are due to longitude errors



# E-SURFMAR Drifting Buoys



The number of operating buoys significantly dropped in 2011. This was mainly due to a decrease in lifetime of Iridium buoys deployed in 2010-2011.

Since June 2012 the number of operating buoys has been increasing again.

Problems with short buoy lifetimes seem having been fixed.

The E-SURFMAR design study (2004) recommended 175 drifting buoys.

# Data assimilation methods

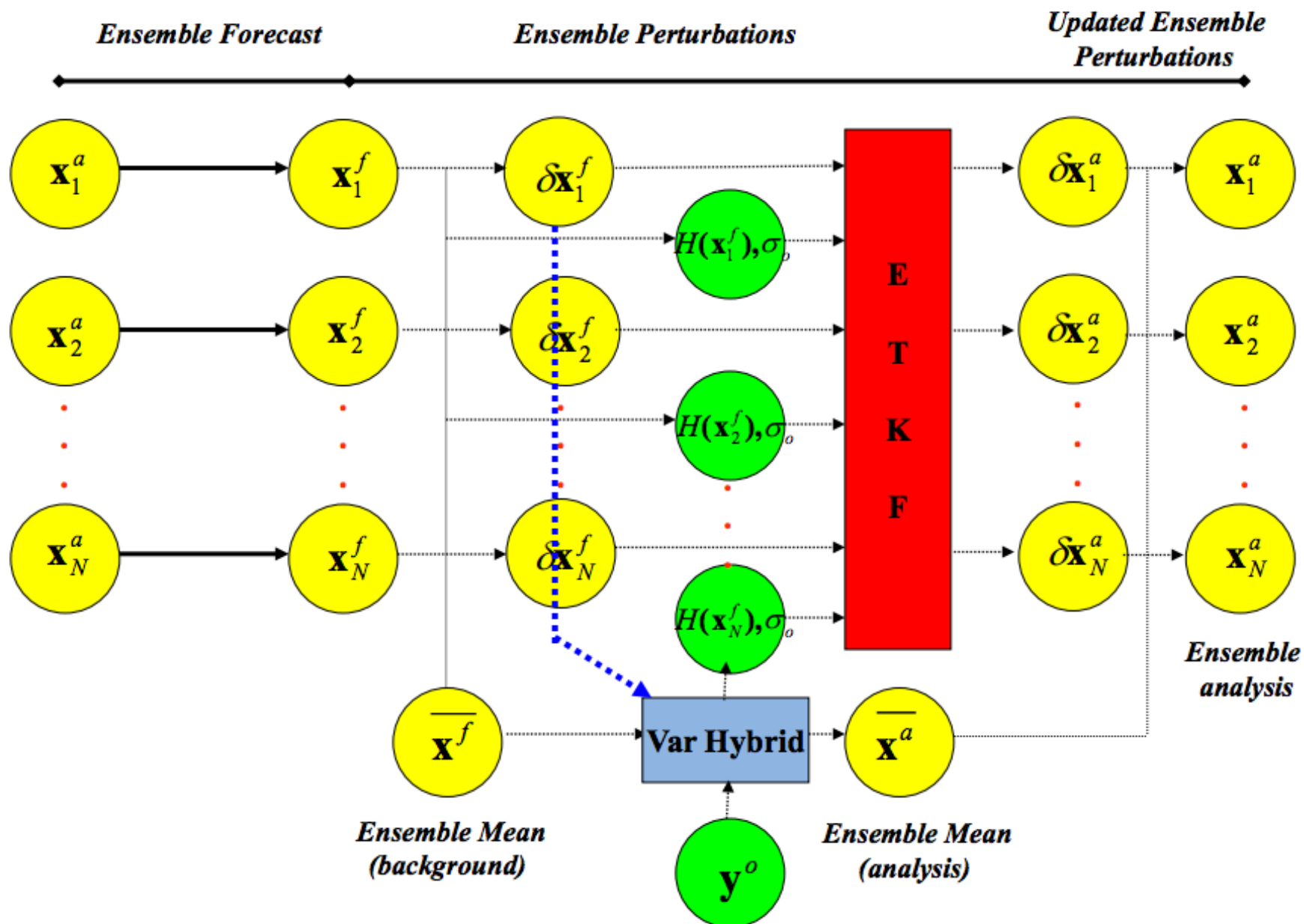
# Ensemble-variational with Integrated Lanczos (EVIL)

*Tom Auligne, NCAR*

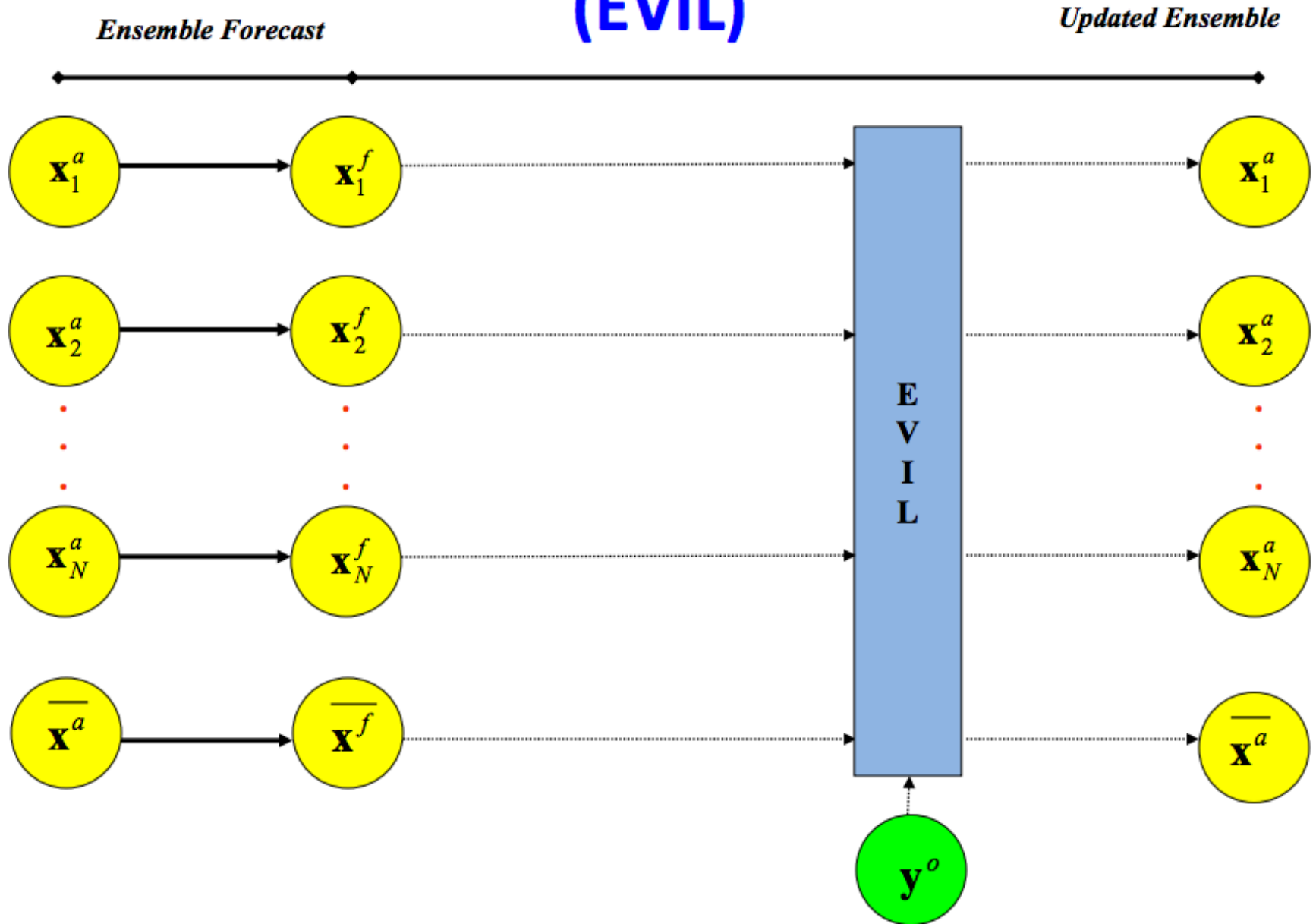
Ensembles as used in data assimilation typically require a separate cycling of an ensemble methods such as an EnKF. To blend with variational, effectively two different assimilation methods must be run?

Can the ensemble cycling be performed within the variational system itself?

# Variational/Ensemble Hybrid DA



# Ensemble Variational Integrated Lanczos (EVIL)

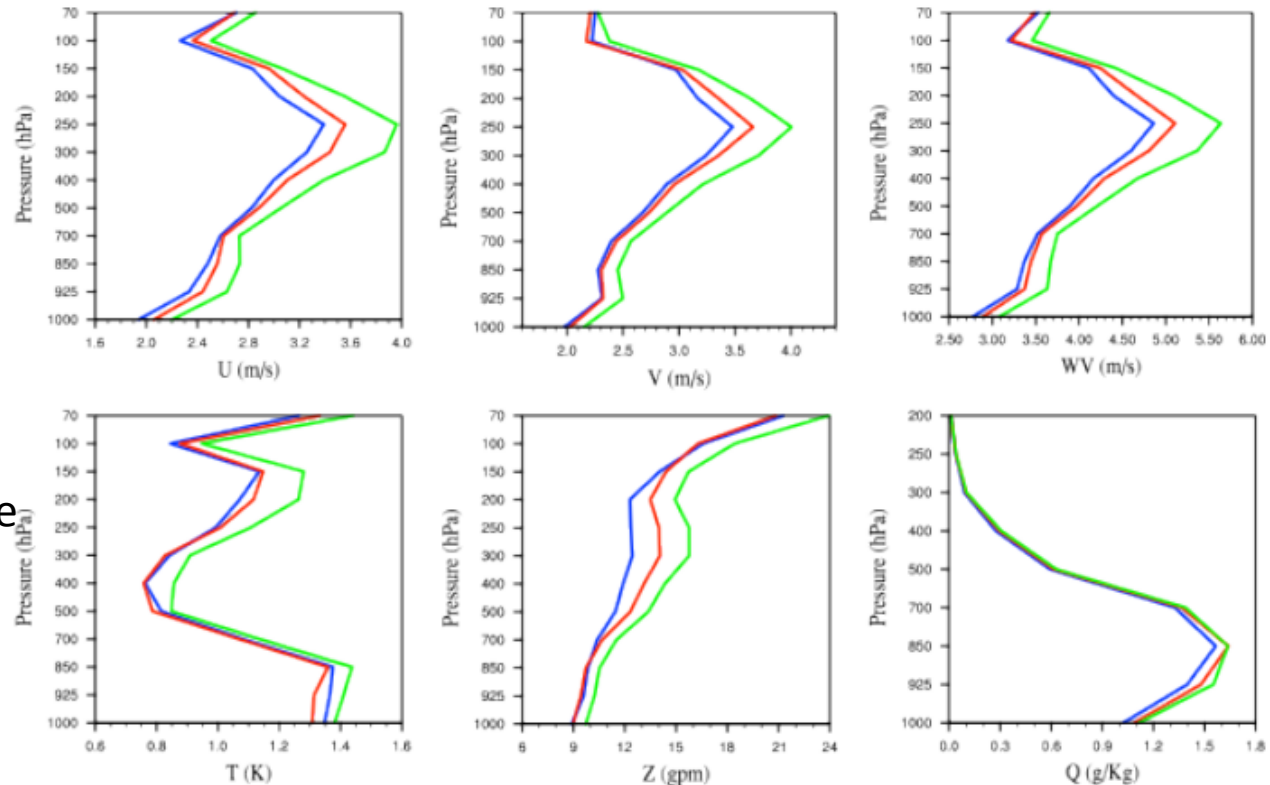




# Comparison with NCAR “DART” EnKF using WRF regional model

EVIL can outperform  
EnKF method. The  
stopping criteria  
when applying the  
iterated Lanczos  
algorithm controls  
how much spread  
reduction is applied  
(i.e., prevents possible  
overfitting to noisy  
data).

RMSE 03 - 07 Jun 2009 (12-Hourly Cycle) vs. FNL analysis



— DART 1.02	— Constant Inflation (1.02)
— DART	— Adaptive Inflation
— EVIL	— Early Stopping at 50 iterations (no inflation)



# Data Assimilation Terminology

Suggestions based on usual current usage.

**“hybrid”** applies to covariance, not method. E.g. “hybrid 4D-Var” → blend of stationary, ensemble-estimated covariances used in 4D-Var

**EnKF, ETKF**, etc. acronyms indicate method of updating ensembles

**3D-Var, 4D-Var, EnVar**, etc. generate a single best estimate, unless specified e.g. “An ensemble of 4D-Vars”

**4D-Var** always uses a forecast model and adjoint to generate time-covariances

**4D-EnVar, 4DEnKF**, etc. use the ensemble to generate time-covariances. (The 4D may be omitted)

— in 4D-Var, 3D-Var was standardised by Ide et al 1997 (and QJ), but not elsewhere. It may be omitted in new names.

# Actions from DAOS-5

*Carried forward from DAOS 4*

**Action 4-3: All DAOS members to provide recommendations on links to data monitoring sites and to other field campaign sites of interest.**

**Action 4-4: Consider organising future DAOS “back to back” with the MWFR meeting as a workshop (Co-Chairs/D. Barker).**

**Action 4-8: The DAOS WG should consider taking a leading role in organising the next WMO DA symposium**

## ***DAOS 5 New Actions***

**Action 5-1: DAOS-WG members to assess if they have any observations or model outputs to contribute to the four high-impact precipitation African RC case studies:**

**E. Africa October Oct 17-28 1997; S. Africa Nov 11-12 2008; N. Africa Nov 29-30 2010; W. Africa Sept 1 2009**

# Actions from DAOS-5

**Action 5-2:** Submit peer review paper on 2010/11 ECMWF WSR impact study (T. Hamill, S. Majumdar & C. Cardinali)

**Action 5-3:** Submit BAMS paper on targeting (S. Majumdar)

**Action 5-4:** Look at observation sensitivities and possibly run a short OSE for Jan 2012 period where dropsondes had a sustained high impact in the GMAO system (R. Gelaro and C. Cardinali)

**Action 5-5.** The terminology for adjoint sensitivity impacts should be discussed and agreed (Ron Gelaro and Carla Cardinali)

**Action 5-6:** The USA and Europe are encouraged to liaise concerning the issue of wider exchange of GPS data (R. Saunders with Z. Toth)

# Actions from DAOS-5

**Action 5-7:** The working group **recommends** to NOAA that GEO-LEO AMVs are made available to NWP centres in BUFR.

**Action 5-8:** GMAO to continue to investigate why the NRL GOES AMVs give more impact than the operational AMVs and report at the next meeting. (R. Gelaro)

**Action 5-9:** A DAOS representative to attend CBS workshop on radar data exchange in Exeter in Nov 12 (R. Saunders)

**Action 5-10:** The working group **recommends** to NOAA that the successor to CrIS provides the contiguous infrared spectrum to users to maximise the information content for assimilation in NWP and climate. A reduction in the field of view should also be considered for maximising clear sky scenes.



# Actions from DAOS-5

**Action 5-11:** Circulate a proposal for a common terminology for hybrid ensemble variational methods and circulate it to DAOS and WGNE for comment. (A. Lorenc)

**Action 5-12:** The co-chairs to request approval of the changes to DAOS-WG membership as outlined in the report to ICSC-10. (Co-Chairs) .



# Actions from ICSC-9

***Action 8: The USA and Europe are encouraged to liaise concerning the issue of wider exchange of GPS total zenith delay data (with Zoltan Toth)***

***Action 9: Maintain close links with EGOS on evolution of the GOS and definition of optimum network***

***Action 10: The ICSC encouraged DAOS to consider DA for convective scale models.***

***Action 15: All THORPEX WGs to examine how they can further develop activities to assist the African RC***

# DAOS-WG Future Meetings

- Propose to hold next dedicated DAOS-WG meeting in 2014
- Location TBD (probably Europe)
- Allow more time for discussions (fewer/shorter presentations)
- Co-ordinate next WMO Data Assimilation Symposium in Late 2013

# DAOS-WG Future (1)

- Recognised as leading group for DA in WMO
- Acknowledged by WGNE which has less focus on DA.
- Strong links with ET-EGOS, MWFR, ....
- DAOS remains a global focus not mesoscale 1 day to seasonal timescales
- Joint meeting with MFWR under discussion
- Continue mix of Observations and DA

# DAOS-WG Future (2)

- Membership to evolve but size of group remains about the same
- Proposal is for DAOS-WG to become a sub-group in WWRP
- Strong links would be retained with any *THORPEX-Follow-On* project
- ICSC invited to comment